Middletown Transcript.

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Select Poetry.

THE OLD HOMESTEAD.

BY ALICE CAREY.

When skies are growing warm and bright,
And in the woodland bowers
The Spring-time in her pale, faint robes
Is calling up the flowers;
When all with naked little feet
The children in the morn
Go forth, and in the furrows drop
The seeds of yellow corn,
What a beautiful embodiment
Of ease devoid of pride,
Is the good old-fashioned homestead'
With doors set open wide!

But when the happiest time is come
That to the year belongs,
When all the vales are filled with gold,
And all the air with songs;
When fields of yet unripened grain
And yet ungarnered stores,
Remind the thrifty husbandman
Of ampler threshing floors;
How pleasant from the din and dust
Of the thoroughfare aloof,
Stands the old-fashioned homestead,
With steep and mossy roof!

When home the woodsman plods with axe
Upon his shoulder swung,
And in the knotted apple tree
Are scythe and sickle hung;
When low about her clay-built nest
The mother swallow trills,
And decorously slow, the cows
Are wending down the hills,
What a blessed picture of comfort
In the evening shadows red,
Is the good old-fashioned homestead,
With its bounteous table spread.

And when the winds moan loudly,
When the woods are bare and brown,
And when the swallows' clay built nest
From the rafter crumbles down;
When all the untrod garden paths
Are heaped with frozen leaves,
And icicles, like silver spikes,
Are set along the eaves;
Then when the book from the shelf is brought,
And the fire-lights shine and play,
In the good old-fasioned homestead,
Is the farmer's holiday.

But whether the brooks be fringed with flowers
Or whether the dead leaves fall,
And whether the air be full of songs,
Or never a song at all,
And whether the vines of the strawberries
Or frosts through the grasses run,
And whether it rain or whether it shine,
Is all to me as one,
For bright as the brightest sunshine
The light of memory streams
Round the old-fashioned homestead,
Where I dreamed my dream of dreams.

Popular Tales.

HOW MR. KEITH MANAGED.

"Man's work is from sun to sun, but woman's work is never done," quoted Mrs. Keith. She had finished her work for the day, everything was tidied and she was taking up her sewing, when Mr. Keith upset a vinegar bottle and a bowl of gravy in the kitchen cupboard, rumaging after a knife which was in his pocket all the time. Mrs. Keith relinquished her idea of a little season of quiet, and went on to set matters in order again. Mr. Keith followed to oversee her—a habit some men have.

"I wish you would be a little more careful, Henry. You do not realize how many things I have to see to."

"Humph!" said Mr. Keith, sitting down in a basket of freshly ironed clothes, "I never would complain of such a trifle as that! If I didn't know, I should think all the women were in slavery."

"And you would be correct, Henry. You haven't the faintest idea—"

"Nonsense, Mary! Why, I could do your work and three times as much more and get all through by ten o'clock."

"Could you, indeed?"

"To be sure if you would only give me the chance of it."

"You shall have it," said Mrs. Keith, quietly. "I have long wanted to visit my Aunt Susan. I will do so now, and you may keep house. I shall have to cook up something—"

"As if I couldn't cook! You will do nothing of the kind, Mary. I shall live like a prince, and you will see how nice I keep everything. You will hardly know the house, when you return."

"I dare say," remarked Mrs. Keith; "but when can I go?"

"To-morrow, if you like."

"And are you sure you can manage?"

"Sure!" what a look he gave her; "you shall see."

Mrs. Keith laughed a little to herself when her husband left her at the depot, and turned his steps homeward to clear the breakfast things, and prepare dinner. She only wished she could be there invisible, and see him manage.

"Let me see," soliloquized Keith, entering the kitchen; "I'll wash the dishes first, and I'll put on one of Mary's dresses to keep me clean."

He fastened it around his waist with a pin, rolled up his sleeves and looked about him. The fire was out, but after much trouble he succeeded in rekindling it, and then began the dishes.

He took them to the sink, plugged up the spout, and put them to soak in a pail of cold water.

"There, they're washed," said he to himself, now for something to wipe them on. I'll take the table cloth. Such a fuss as women do make about work. Why, I could wash all the dishes in the neigborhood in half a day. This stew pan smells of grease, I wonder what's the matter with it? There, I've got some smut on my hand! there it goes on that china saucer, deuce take it! I wish there was no smut; hillo, there's one plate gone to smash! And I've stepped into the potato dish that I set on the floor to dry, and that's gone to the shades! Oh, there goes the cream pitcher! never mind, accidents will happen I guess I'll trim the lamps next; mother always trimmed the lamps in the morning! Confound 'em, how black the chimneys are!"

Thus conversing with himself, Mr. Keith put the chimneys into the basin and cogitated a moment. He had heard it said that boiling water was cleansing. So he scalded the chimneys and the result was about a hundred different pieces to each chimney.

"Good gracious!" cried he, "Who'd have thought it! There's somebody at the door. I'll just step out as I am. It can't be anybody that I care for so early as this.

A small boy presented himself, eyeing Keith with ill suppressed mirth.

"Be you mistress of this house?"

"Yes—that is, I am the master!" said Mr. Keith with dignity; "what can I do for you!"

"Nothing, I guess; marm sent me over to see if you—that is, if the mistress of the house would take care of the baby while she goes shopping?"

"No," roared Keith, "I've other fish to fry." The boy put his thumb to his nose, and Mr. Keith, after slamming the door—as men always do when they are out of temper—returned to the kitchen. The fire was all out, and the room decidedly smoky.

"I'll go down the cellar and bring up some coal," said he and he started briskly down the stairs. On the second step he put his foot through a rip in his dress skirt, stumbled and fell to the bottom of the cellar, smashing a basket of eggs, and knocking over a shelf loaded with pans of milk.

"Deuce take it!" exclaimed he, scrambling to his feet, and rubbing his head, "how do women manage with these infernal long dressess! I shall break my neck with this yet!"

The fire made again, Mr. Keith bethought him of dinner. He looked at the time-piece; it was one o'clock. Almost time for dinner. He had heard his wife say that a rice pudding was easily made, he would have rice pudding, and boiled potatoes, and broiled steak.

He filled a basin with rice, stirred in a little sugar, dropped in an egg, and set the vessel into the oven. The potatoes he washed in soap-suds, that they certainly might be clean, and put them into the tea kettle because they would boil quicker.

The steak was frizzling in the frying-pan; he was proceeding to set the table when the bell rang. He caught the pan from the fire, to keep it from burning, and made haste to the front door. Then he remembered it would not be just the thing to go to the door with a frying pan in his hand, so he deposited it on the parlor sofa, and answered the ring.

Mrs. Dr. Mudge was on the steps, dressed in her best.

"Yes—I—dare say stammered Keith, my wife is absent and I am the Bridget."

Mrs. Mudge sallied into the parlor, which was darkened to exclude the sun, and without stopping to look at her seat, sunk into the frying-pan on the sofa.

"Jupiter!" cried Mr. Keith, "you've done it now." Mrs. M. sprang up, the grease dripping from her rich silk on the carpet. Her face grew dark. She was tempted to control herself; bowed haughtily and left the house.

Keith returned to the kitchen a little crest-fallen, for Mrs. Mudge was a lady before whom he desired to appear particularly well.

There was a tremendous cracking in the oven. He thought of his pudding and looked in. The burnt rice had hopped all over the oven; the basin had melted apart, and the pudding was not done. He shut the door upon the ruins in disgust, and looked after his potatoes only to find them a perfect jelly. And just as he made the discovery there was a sharp peal at the door-bell, "Creation! there's that abominable bell again. I wish folks would stay at home—I'll lock all the doors, and cut all the bell wires after to-day."

At the door he found Mr. and Mrs. Fidget and their children.

"My dear Mr. Keith! how do you do?" cried Mrs. Fidget. "We were in town and thought we'd just stop in to dinner. Where's Mrs. Keith?"

"She's gone away," saith Keith, ruefully, wondering what he would feed them on; "Walk in, do; I'm the house-keeper to-day."

"Yes, I should judge. But of course you make a splendid one. I remember you used to be frequently telling Mrs. Keith and myself how very easy housekeeping must be. It must be mere play to you. Don't put yourself out, I beg!"

"Put myself out, indeed!" cried Keith, retreating to the kitchen. "Good gracious! what shall I do? I'd give a hundred dollars if Mary was only here.—Where shall I begin!"

He drew out the table and set it without any cloth, then took off the plates and put on a cloth—the very one he had wiped the dishes on. The task completed, he put on some more potatoes, and some more steak; burned the steak to a cinder; took off his potatoes when he did his meat, and put them all upon the table. There was a loaf of baker's bread in the cupboard; he paraded that, and called his guests to dinner.

A quizzical smile spread over Mrs. Fidget's face at the sight of the repast. Keith was in a cold perspiration.

"Ma, my plate is all greasy, and so is my knife; I can't eat on dirty dishes," cried little Johnny Fidget.

"And my fork is wet all over with water that's dropping off the table cloth; and my tater ain't half biled," cried little Sue Fidget.

A slight noise in the kitchen drew the attention of Mr. Keith.

"Jupiter!" cried he, "if Mrs. O'Flaharty's dog ain't making off with my steak!"

He jumped from the table and started in hot pursuit. The dog made the best of it; Keith's unaccustomed attire was a sad drawback, and he made but little headway.

"Kill him," he yelled to the crowd that joined in hot pursuit. I'll give fifteen dollars for his hide."

Mrs. O'Flaharty herself appeared on the scene, with a skillet of hot water.

"Tech him if ye dare!" she cried, "I'll break the bones of every mother's son of yees. Stand from forninst or ye'll rue the day."

Keith took a step forward; stepped on his skirt and pitched head first in a wine cellar, where half a dozen men were playing cards.

"The devil in petticoats!" exclaimed one gamester, and the place was emptied quicker than a wink.

The police picked up Keith considerably bruised, and carried him home. His company had taken their departure, and somebody, not having the fear of the law upon them, had entered and stolen a hundred dollars worth of property.

Then Mr. Keith sent the following note:

DEAR MARY:—Come home. I give up beat. A woman does have a great deal to do. I confess myself incompetent to manage. Come home and you shall have a new silk dress, and a daughter of Erin to divide your labors.

Yours, faithfully.
H. KEITH.

Men, Women and Manners.

Fanny Fern, in the *Ledger*, has some common sense talk regarding the intercourse of intimate friends, which she thinks is much more reasonably conducted among men than by women. Thus, in order to avoid offending a female friend who may chance to call while a lady is occupied, the latter may not send down word that she is engaged, but must resort to a "white lie," and say that she is out. Fanny once excused herself to a female visitor because she had an article to write. The visitor, as soon as Fanny had gone, turned to another with the mild remark: "I suppose she said that to get rid of us—don't you?" Fanny says the intercourse of men with each other has always aroused her admiration. If one wants to read or write in another's company, he does so, and no offense is taken.

If one has to leave, he often says no more than "I'm off," or "Good by, old fellow." Sometimes it is only the touch of the hat, or a hand laid on the other's shoulder in passing, and no black eyes, no locks of hair fly nor do any hard words or looks result in the future.

Further fancies follow regarding the possible conduct of females in imaginary emergencies. We quote:

If ladies smoked, which the gods forbid! do you suppose one lady would allow another to stop her in the street and light a cigar from her lips, when she never was introduced? When she didn't even know who her dressmaker was, or where she bought her bonnets? Good heavens.

Did you ever notice, if anything unexpected occurs in the mutual path of men passing through the same street, how naturally and frankly they accost each other, though perfect strangers, and converse about it, and go their several ways, to their tombetones, after it? Not so, sweet woman? Catch her speaking to "that nasty thing!" How does she know who or what she is?

Children are so delicious about these matters. I saw two little girls, the other day, trying to crack a nut on the side-walk by pressing in turn their tiny little shoe, upon it. Despairing of success, they said to a gentleman passing, "Man, man, crack this nut for us, will you?" His handsome face was luminous with fun as he pressed his polished boot down upon it, to the delight of the youngsters and myself. Now, these little girls wouldn't have thought of asking a lady to do that; or if they had, do you think she would have stopped to do it?

PASTORAL COLDNESS.—A lady recently, in giving her views of the preaching of a minister to whom she had listened several times, said: "I thought it was the business of the minister to feed the sheep. This man don't feed us; he sends us bleating and hungry home" Many a one might gather a useful hint from this as the proper mode of dealing with the flock of Christ. Harshness, severity and fault-finding accomplish but little good in the family, the church, or the world. True, it is the pastor's duty to admonish and rebuke, to correct error and reform sin, but always in the spirit of the Master. A scolding minister never yet succeeded in anything but scattering the flock, and weakening his hold upon the affections of his people. There is a magazine of power in an affectionate spirit and kind words.—*Spurgeon.*

Write your name in kindness, love and mercy on the hearts of thousands you come in contact with, and you will never be forgotten. Your name, your deeds will be as legible on the hearts you leave behind as the stars on the brow of the evening. Good deeds will shine as brightly on earth as the stars of heaven.

To reform the world every man and woman should reform themselves.

Wit and Humor.

Webster and the Quaker.

There was a quaker too cute for the great "Daniel Webster" once. This Quaker, a pretty knowing old shaver, had a cause down in Rhode Island, so he went to Daniel to hire him to go down and plead his cause for him. The following colloquy took place:

"Lawyer Webster, what's your fee?"

"Why," said Daniel, "Let me see. I have got to go down South to Washington, to plead the great insurance case of the Hartford Company, and I've got to be at Cincinnati to attend the Convention, and I don't see how I can go to Rhode Island without great loss and great fatigue; it will cost you maybe more than you would be willing to give."

Well the Quaker looked pretty white about the gills, I tell you, when he heard this, for he could not do without him, no way, and he did not like this preliminary talk of his at all; at least he made bold to ask him the worst of it—what he would take?

"Why," says Daniel, I always liked the Quakers; they are a quiet, peaceable people, who never go to law if they can help it, and it would be better for our great country if there were more of such people in it. I never saw or heard tell of any harm in 'em, except going the whole figure for General Jackson and that everlastin' almighty villain, Van Buren; yes, I love the Quakers, I hope they'll go for the Webster ticket yet, and I'll go for you as low as I can any way afford—one thousand dollars."

The quaker well nigh fainted when he heard this, but he was pretty deep, too, so says he:

"Lawyer, that's a great deal of money. but I have more causes. If I give you $1,000 will you plead the other causes I shall have to give you?"

"Yes," said Daniel, "I will to the best of my humble ability."

So down they went to Rhode Island, and Daniel tried the case and carried it for the Quaker. Well, the Quaker he goes round to all the folks that had suits in Court, and says he:

"What will you give me if I get the great Daniel to plead for you? It cost me $1,000 for a fee, but now he and I are pretty thick, and as he is on the spot, I'll get him to plead cheap for you."

So he got $300 from one, and $200 from another, and so on, until he got $1,000 more than he gave. Daniel was in a great rage when he heard this.

"What," said he, do you think I would agree to your letting me out like a livery horse?"

"Friend Daniel," said the Quaker, "didst thou not undertake to plead all such causes as I should have to give thee? If thou will not stand to thy agreement neither will I stand to mine."

Daniel laughed out ready to split his sides at this.

"Well," says he, "I guess I may as well stand still for you to put the bridle on this time, for you have fairly pinned me up in a corner of the fence anyhow."

So he went good humoredly to work and pleaded them all.

A PUZZLED DARKEY.—In flush times, down South, a passenger on a river boat accosted a little negro boy with an inquiry not unusual at that day, "Who do you belong to?" "Don't know sir," answered the boy. "Why don't you know?" "When I came aboard I b'longs to Massa Sam White; but he went me last night on two little par, and the clerk of dis boat win me. Den Sol Smiff he beat de clerk on a bluff, an' he had me last; so I can't tell, sir, who I b'longs to till de game close."

A young man asked an old gentleman for his daughter in marriage. The answer was was, "Go into the orchard and bring in a number of apples. Give me one half of the whole number, and the mother one half of the balance and half an apple over, and to the daughter one half of the remainder and half an apple over, and have one left for yourself, without cutting an apple, and then if she is willing you can have her." He solved the question, and how many did he bring?

"My brother," said a good old backwoods preacher, "I'am gwine to preach you a plain sarment, that even wimmen can understand. You can find my text in the five verses of the two-eyed chapter of one-eyed John." It was some time before it was perceived that he ment 1st John, chap. II.

Prentice thinks, if a young lady has a thousand acres of valuable land, the young men are apt to conclude that they are sufficent ground for attachment.

"Have you Blasted Hopes?" asked a lady of a green librarian, whose face was considerably swoolen. "No, ma'am, but I have a blasted toothache," was the reply.

"I'm afraid you'll come to want," said an old lady to a young gentleman. "I have come to want already," was the reply; "I want your daughter."

Because two negatives make one affirmative in grammar, don't consider yourself accepted when a girl jilts you twice.

Good music is always *instrumental* in affording agreeable entertainment at a social gathering.

Interview with Mr. Pendleton.

The New York Herald recently sent a corrspondent to Cincinnati to have a "talk" with Mr. Pendleton. He sent the following account of his reception and of the information elicited:

CINCINNATI, June 8, 1867.

"Mr. Pendleton?"

"That's my name, sir. Walk in. Take a seat."

The inquiry was mine. The response was that of Mr. George H. Pendleton, Democratic candidate for the Vice Presidency in 1864 and an aspirant for the Democratic nomination for President at the New York Convention next month. He was seated at his desk and had suspended writing a letter to answer the inquiry which I addressed him from the threshold of his law office, a plainly, but substantially furnished apartment, about twelve by twelve in size, situated in a Jauncey court of law chambers on Third street, in this city. Waving me to the proffered seat with a genial smile which made me feel at home with him, on the instant, he wished to know what he could do for me. The brief interval which had elapsed to this moment was sufficient to give me an opportunity of perceiving that he is a man of about forty-two years of age and possessed of a manner which readily accounts for his personal popularity. His face seemed not at all srange: it was even familiar, though I had never seen him before. The person who makes his acquaintance hereafter will recognize the truth of this observation; his face is one of the kind that haunts the mind with the impression that it has been somewhere seen before, though for what reason the spectator will be at a loss to conceive. In height Mr. Pendleton is a little above the medium, the excess being unnoticeable from a very slight tendency to *embonpoint*. Not that he is stout or portly. The best description of him would be to say that he is very hearty, with a full, robust figure. He is proportionately well built, and by the ladies would be deemed a handsome man; dark (though not black) hair covers a large finely formed head; mustache and whiskers, worn in the prevailing style (the latter slightly sprinkled with gray, both inclined to be curly, and with a fineness and silkness indicative of elegance of temperament,) surround a face which seems to perpetually wear the winning smile above referred to. A suit of black and dark blue completes the picture of the candidate whom the West is pressing so strenuously for the Democratic nomination.

Despite the public notoriety which Mr. Pendleton has achieved he is steadily and earnestly devoted to the business of his profession, and it is a wonder how he has contrived to get time from his private duties to transact the public business which has made him so famous in the West. He resides in the country outside the city of Cincinnati, coming in every morning to his office and desk, where, or in court, he labors industriously all day until the hour for his return to his suburban home: No doubt a great deal of his success is due to the efforts of his friends, whose number is legion, and whom he has united to himself by the peculiar magnetism of his character. What he has been quick to conceive in politics they have been as quick to execute in his interest. They are bound to him by a tie which it would seem impossible to sever. Their devotion to him is of the warmest kind, and he has become their leader without any apparent effort on his part. The details of any policy of his origination they have delighted to carry out. The understanding between man and party is of the most harmonious kind. I give these particulars concerning Mr. Pendleton because he is not known at the East, and especially as he will doubtless prove one of the most prominent candidates in the Convention of July 4. The correspondent was unable to elicit any conversation from Mr. Pendleton for the purpose of publication, the latter saying that such conversations were supremely ridiculous.

A NEGRO PREACHER'S ANSWER.—The following is from a gentleman in Tennessee, whose name is a sufficient guaranty of the incidents narrated: "We learn that on last Sabbath, a meeting was held in a church in this vicinity, connected with the Northern Methodist church, to inaugurate social equality between the races in the church. After the congregation in said church, composed of blacks and a few whites was dismissed, the white preacher approaching "Jeff," a black preacher, said: "Well, Bro. Jeff, what do you think of our progress, and the immediate prospect of breaking down all distinctions between white and black? It will be a day of gladness for you, Bro. Jeff, will it not?

The black preacher replied, "Well, Mr. H. I am not sure that this is right. Observation and nature teaches me one thing in creation. I have served long as a slave, am now free, and am yet black. I have never known the blackbirds and partridges to live together; I have never witnessed the crows and pigeons live together. We have never known the eagle and the turkey to amalgamate, all of them are winged fowls, yet they keep themselves distinct—all have one Creator God, who cares for them. From some cause they are kept apart. So, Mr. H. I do not believe we can alter the laws of God, and in my humble way, I would prefer the black people to have separate houses of worship. This is best for us. We black people, are now free,—let us live free as God has made us—a separate people." There is a true conservative wisdom in these words of the poor negro, teaching the white man and brother, to observe the laws of God.

Public Affairs.

A MODERN BABYLON.—From all accounts, Washington, the proud Capitol of the "Model Republic," is getting to be a very nice place for a small tea-party. A story is going the rounds of the press, which is vouched for as true, that there are two fashionable gambling houses, both within half a dozen squares of the Treasury building, which are exclusively for the use of ladies. One, and perhaps the best furnished and most largely frequented, is situated on Fourteenth street, while the other is in the First ward, but a few squares distant. At these places, at nearly all hours of the day, may be found richly dressed ladies, connected with families whose standing is high in the community, earnestly engaged in faro, and staking their money with an ABANDON that would excite surprise. The sterner sex is rigidly excluded, and the players feel themselves secure from the intrusion of watchful fathers or angry husbands, while they at the same time place firm reliance on the silence of their fair companions, who are quite select and respectable, as the judgment of the crafty proprietresses enables them to perceive that the indiscriminate admission of visitors would be injurious to their interests. Can this be true?

WHO BUILT THE CAPITOL.—The capitol of the United States, as it stands, is the work of many persons, of whom but two or three are noticeable. Dr. Thornton made the first design, said by Washington to combine "grandeur, simplicity and convenience." The architects retained but two or three features of Thornton's design, and preferred one by Mr. S. Hallet. B. H. Latrobe, of an enterprising Maryland family, began to rebuild the capitol after the British burnt it, and Mr. Bullfinch completed it. It was thirty-five years after the laying of the corner-stone before a completed national capitol existed in America. The extension of the capitol has already occupied eighteen years. Washington laid the corner-stone of the old, Webster of the new capitol. The Brunelleschi of the house is Thomas U. Walter, the Ghiberti of it is Thomas Crawford. There are three names, therefore, Hallet, Walter, Crawford —with whom are associated the merits of the capitol. Walter is incomparably the national architect; he built the Girard College at Philadelphia, and on that building and the dome of the capitol his fame will last.

NATIONAL DEBTS.—Misery loves company, and so our tax-payers may find consolation in reading the following: We owe now $2,508,124,160. England, with smaller population and and a poorer country owes $4,003,794,285. France owes $2,340,029,890; her debt has increased one hundred and thirty per cent. in thirteen years, and increases yearly, while the population remains almost stationary.—Austria owes $1,316,103,391, and has increased her debt one hundred and eight per cent, in eighteen years. Italy owes $1,317,103,281, and her debt has increased in six years one hundred and fifty-eight per cent. Prussia owes $245,766,503, and has lately spent much more than her income. Spain, with less than half our population, and not a twentieth part of our wealth-productive power, owes $819,887,360.

The Trustees of William and Mary College, Virginia, received from England, a few weeks since, a remittance of $8,000, the proceeds of a legacy left for the College in 1742, by an English lady by the name of Margaret Whaley. The original legacy was £50 sterling, and has been hitherto unknown or forgotten until accidentally discovered by a lawyer in searching over some old papers.

An Austrian, condemned to six years hard labor, has made a curious timepiece, mostly from refuse of his rations of rye bread. The clock indicates the hours, minutes, seconds, the days and months of the year. The hands are of wood and the figures and dialplate of straw; the rest, even to the key, is made from the crumbs of bread. The only instrument employed by the convict was a small pocket knife.

To every man there are many, many dark hours—when he feels inclined to abandon his best enterprise; hours when he feels unequal to the burden, when all his aspirations seem worthless. Let no one think that he alone has dark hours. They are the common lot of humanity.

A descendant of Luther, the Great Reformer, is now living in Hagarstown, Md. He is one of the eighth generation, in descent from his distinguished ancestor.

Louis Napoleon receives as a salary $74,240 per day; Queen Victoria, $6,027; Francis Joseph, $10,650, and the King of Prussia, $8,210.

The New Tammany Hall which will be placed under the control of the National Democratic Committee for the use of the Convention, will seat about 4500.

Our national debt amounts to more than double the whole value of the gold mined in this country since the first opening of the gold regions.

The population of Salisbury, Md. is about three thousand.

Cromwell's Speech.

The following brief and decidedly pithy speech delivered by Oliver Cromwell on dissolving the long Parliament, may be new to some of our readers. It is a fair specimen of the rude, vigorous, and hardy style of this singular character:

"It is high time for me to put an end to your sitting in this place, which ye have dishonored by your contempt of all virtue, and defied by the practice of every vice. Ye are a factious crew, and enemies to all good government. Ye are a pack of mercenary wretches, and would, like Esau, sell your country for a mess of pottage, and like Judas, betray your God for a few pieces of silver. Is there a single virtue now remaining in you? Is there one vice you do not possess? You have no more religion than my horse. Gold is your God. Which of you has not bartered away your conscience for bribes? Is there a man among you who has the least care for the good of the Commonwealth? You sordid prostitutes! Have you not defiled this sacred place, and turned the Lord's temple into a den of thieves? By your immoral principles and wicked practices ye have grown intolerably odious to a whole nation. You, who were deputed here by the people to get their grievances redressed, are yourselves become their greatest grievance. Your country, therefore, calls upon me to clean this augean stable by putting a final period to your iniquitous proceedings in this house, and which, by God's help, and the strength he has given me, I now intend to do. I command you, therefore, upon the peril of your lives, to depart immediately out of this place. Go! Get you out! Make haste! Ye venal slaves, begone! Take away that shining bauble there, (the speaker's mace) and lock up the doors.

The Value of a Newspaper.

When trade grew slack and notes fell due, the merchant's face grew long and blue; his dreams were troubled all the night, with sheriffs, baliffs all in sight. At last his wife unto him said, "Rise up at once and get out of bed, and get your paper, ink and pen, and say these words unto all men: "My goods I wish to sell to you, and to your wives and daughters too; my prices they shall be so low, that each will buy before they go." He did as his good wife advised, and in the paper advertised. Crowds came and bought all that he had; his notes were paid, his dreams made glad, and he will tell you to this day, how well did printer's ink repay. He told us this, with a knowing wink, how he saved by printer's ink. The other in a place as tight, contented with the Press to slight, he did not let the people know of what he had, or where to go. His drafts fell due and were not paid; a levy on his goods were made; the store was closed until the sale, and for some time he was in jail. A bankrupt now without a cent, at leisure he does deep repent, that very foolish and unwise, he did not freely advertise.

The newspapers of a town are its life-blood. Without them they can not prosper. The better they are supported at home, the more powerful their influence will be abroad. To the merchant they are indispensable, as those who have made use of them as a medium through which to reach the public, well know. And they contribute largely to the prosperity of every citizen, for their influence is felt in a thousand different ways, and exerted in a thousand different directions.

NEW PREVENTIVE OF THE CATTLE PLAGUE.—Chloride of copper is now extensively used in Germany against the cattle plague, or rather as a preservative. The modus operandi is as follows: Take green crystalized choloride of copper, 8 gms. spirits of wine 2 kilog. and dissolve. With this solution impregnate a pad of cotton, lay it on a plate, and set fire to it in the centre of the stable, turning the animals' head towards the flame, so as to make them breathe the fumes. This operation is performed morning and evening, burning one pad for every three head of cattle. At night a spirit lamp filled with the solution is lighted in the stable. To prevent accidents the flame is surrounded with wire gauze. The liquid is also administered internally, with the addition of fifteen gms. of chloroform for the above quantity. A teaspoonful of this is put in the animals' drink a day. As a further precaution the litters are watered with the same solution.

MARKS OF A GENTLEMAN.—No man is a gentleman who, without provocation, would treat with incivility the humblest of his species. It is a vulgarity for which no accomplishments of dress or address can ever atone. Show me the man who desires to make every one happy around him, and whose greatest solicitude is never to give cause of offence to any one, and I will show you a gentleman by nature and by practice, though he may never have worn a suit of broadcloth, nor ever heard of a lexicon. I am proud to say, for the honor of our species, there are men, in every throb of whose heart there is a solicitude for the welfare of mankind, and whose every breath is perfumed with kindness.

An exchange says: "Women are allowed to practice law in Kansas." How kind of Kansas! Unlike her sister States, she will permit the ladies to sully themselves with Coke.

Words fitly spoken are thoughts in flight and speed like arrows to the mark. Such words men will hear, wait to hear, and hearing ponder well.

The Middletown Transcript.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 27, 1868.

☞ Advertisers will please hand in their advertisements by Thursday morning.

This issue completes the first half year of the TRANSCRIPT. There are a number of names upon our subscription list, who **have not paid their subscription money, notwithstanding our terms require payment in advance. We call attention to this matter, and hope to hear from them soon. After waiting a reasonable time, we shall erase all names from our list, whose subscriptions remain unpaid.** Our rule of advance payments will not be departed from. If we cannot do business upon this principle, we do not desire to do it upon any other. Many gentlemen do not think of the small matter of newspaper subscription. They should remember that small drops of water make up the mighty ocean, and that small subscribtion bills make up the aggregate sum which enables the publisher to defray his current expenses.

KENT RAIL ROAD.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Kent County Rail Road, held at Chestertown, on Tuesday last, the 23d inst. a resolution, laid over at a previous meeting, authorizing the construction of the road from Massey's to Townsend, was rejected by a vote of 5 to 6. A resolution was then passed unanimously to appoint a committee of three to wait upon the Queen Anne's County Rail Road Company, and consult with them on the probable prospect of continuing the road from Massey's to Middletown. The committee consist of Messrs. T. W. Eliason, Abel J. Rees, and Thomas F. Shallcross.

A resolution was subsequently offered, and adopted by a vote of 10 to 1, that T. W. Eliason, William Janvier, Thomas F. Shallcross, and Samuel W. Spencer, be a committee to contract with Messrs. Sears, Backus & Sanford, to construct a Railroad from Middletown to Massey's Cross Roads upon the best terms that can be made, and also to get the right of way through the land along the proposed route of said road, this contract not to invalidate or in any way obstruct a former contract from Massey's to Chestertown, and to begin at Middletown and Chestertown, and continue till finished, the portion of the road below Chestertown not to be commenced till the above contract is completed. The board adjourned to meet again on the 3d of July.

The Masons made an imposing parade in Philadelphia, on Wednesday, on the occasion of laying the corner stone of a new temple on Broad street. Union Lodge, No. 5, of this town, was specially invited to participate in the ceremonies. The Lodge were the guests of Lafayette Lodge No. 71, Philadelphia, and the visiting brethren from Union Lodge, speak of their reception and entertainment by Lafayette Lodge, in the highest terms of appreciation. They were met at the depot, on Tuesday evening, escorted to their quarters; escorted from their quarters on Wednesday morning, to their position in line, and after the public ceremonies were ended, conducted to the Lodge Room, where a most sumptuous entertainment had been prepared. Nothing was omitted by Lafayette Lodge that could minister to the comfort and enjoyment of their guests. The viands were superb, and the songs, toasts and speeches, abounded in sentiment. As brethren of the mystic tie, they "met upon the level and parted upon the square," and not exactly upon the square, either, for the members of Union Lodge have an account with Lafayette, that will remain unsquared, until they shall have an opportunity to repay their generous hospitality and courtesy.

We have had in our drawer for some months past, certain extracts from our contemporaries, making favorable mention of our enterprize in this place. Some of them have already appeared in our columns with suitable acknowledgments to our brethren of the press, for their kindness and courtesy towards us. The following from the *St. Mary's Beacon*, is not the less appreciated because its publication has been deferred until now. The editor of the *Beacon* is justly esteemed as one of the ablest journalists in the State, we therefore appreciate his good opinion the more.

MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT.—This is the title of a new democratic paper that has recently been started at Middletown, New Castle county, Delaware, by Messrs. Henry Vanderford & Son, formerly of our county. We are pleased to observe that the *Transcript* gives evidence of the same distinguished ability in general management and editorial conduct which characterized the *Cecil Democrat* while under the control of the Senior. Long disuse and advancing age are apt to make the right hand forgetful of its old cunning, but in the present case, the force, we observe, which was brought to battle in the old party days of Cecil is as active and vigorous as ever. We welcome the Messrs. Vanderford to their old pursuits and can think at present of no better fortune to wish them than that they may achieve in their adopted a fame as honorable as that they have won in their native State.

The following is of the *multum in parvo order*, and from the *Newtown Record*:

A Good Paper—The *Hagerstown Mail*. Ditto—The *Middletown Transcript*.

Cheap travel between Wilmington and Philadelphia has worked a reaction. At first, the Wilmington ladies flocked to Philadelphia to spend their pin-money, and the former city was likely to be drained of its "stamps." But the tide has turned—the attractions of the Brandywine are drawing the denizens of the rectangular city in crowds to its pleasant retreats and grateful shades, and Wilmington is likely to receive its pin-money all back again, and something more.

THE GOLDEN CITY, is the title of a large handsomely printed paper, published at San Francisco, California, by S. M. Foard, G. B. Densmore and T. J. Foard. Messrs. Foard are the sons of Dr. Jesse Foard, late of Cecil county, and went to California when the mining fever first broke out. They know how to get up a good newspaper, and if any of our readers want an elegant weekly from the shores of the Pacific, we commend to them the Golden City.

The season has commenced at Cape May. Cobb's Island, also, is growing into favor as a summer resort. Fishing, boating, and gunning, are added to the attractions of bathing, and the invigorating effects of the sea breeze. To reach the latter place, take the Delaware Rail Road to Crisfield, and then the steamer Sue, to the Island.

THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.—It will be seen from the returns in another column that Mr. Jacob Richardson, of Appoquinimink Hundred, formerly of Wilmington, was nominated for Sheriff at the election on Saturday, and Mr. Pendegrass, of White Clay Creek, was nominated for coroner. The vote is the largest ever polled by any party at a nomination election in this State.

Saturday next is the national anniversary. We have heard of no steps for the public observance of the day in Middletown.

We are indebeted to the Hon. James A. Bayard, of the U. S. Senate, for important Congressional documents.

The author of "Childhood's Happy Hours," had better practice a little more before he offers his effusions to the press.

The Mississippi Election.

A despatch from the chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee, states the result of the Mississippi election. The constitution is defeated, and by the aid of the colored vote.

Coupled with this great result, we have an act of malignity, meanness, and cowardice on the part of the military despotism in this State, for which a corrective will be found sooner or later. Governor Humphreys, legal Governor, the successful candidate of the Conservative party for Governor, has been arrested by these miscreants and expelled from his office. The Governor's office is under a military guard. Such is the mode by which the Radicals aim to fasten their yoke on the South and the North alike. But violence, a cowardly abuse of power and authority, is only one of the agencies these miscreants engaged in this tyranny are ready to employ to serve their turn. They will not scruple to fill the boxes with spurious ballots, and to manipulate the returns so as to declare the Radical candidates elected. This is what was done in Georgia, where 30,000 negroes voted with the whites; in Arkansas, and all the States where it became necessary to employ fraud. We predict that the military and the Freedmen's Bureau will perform their usual infamous part in this business:

POSTOFFICE AFFAIRS.—Postmasters at Baltimore and Queenstown are authorized to make up and forward mails six times a week during the season of navigation, provided it can be done without additional expense to the department. Route 2,803, Clayton, Delaware, to Easton, Maryland. Contract is ordered with the Maryland and Delaware Railroad Company (Edward F. Hardcastle, president, Easton, Maryland,) for service from Clayton, by Kenton, Templeville, Melville, Greensborough, and Hillsborough, to Easton, forty miles and back. Service to be performed by railroad and by schedule satisfactory to the department, as far as road is completed, six times a week and back, or more frequently if required and cars run, and from the terminus of the railroad to Easton, with "certainty, celerity and security," at the rate of $1,000 per annum for the contract, term begining July 1, 1868, with the proviso that when the railroad is completed to Easton the rate of pay is to be readjusted on same basis as other railroads, viz; Weight of mails carried and facilities furnished for transportation.

SURRATT ADMITTED TO BAIL.—On Monday in the Criminal Court of the District of Columbia, in the case of John H. Surratt, Judge Wyle discharged the prisoner under the old indictment for murder, and set the trial on the new indictment for conspiracy, &c. for next Monday, admitting the prisoner to bail in the meantime. Such is the finale of the first proceeding, which has probably cost the country from a hundred thousand to a hundred and fifty thousand dollars, much of which was absorbed by the professional testimony hunters and complete witnesses who have been levying heavy contributions upon the government for services which turned out to be so worthless that a new indictment had to be found. An expenditure of so much time and money, ending in such a "lame and impotent conclusion," ought at least to inculcate more circumspection and prudence hereafter in the instrumentalities that are employed in such prosecutions.—*Baltimore Sun.*

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

We witnessed the trial of the Foster Phosphate attachement, (as built by Dr. Hamilton,) at Odessa, on Saturday last, which was pronounced by all present to be an entire success. Both damp and dry Phosphates were sown by the Patent Attachment, with entire success, distributing it evenly and without the least difficulty.

The trial was witnessed by a large number of our best practical farmers, who declared their high appreciation of it as the great desideratum so long sought after and but now found. Certainly the Patent has done much for our Agriculturists, and **should receive the hearty encouragement of all who want the very best Phosphate Attachment extant.**

The cadence of the locust has ceased, and they have retired to their long nap of seventeen years. Who shall hear them again, in 1885? One day last week, an old man of four-score, and a child of four, rode out to the forest together; the one to hear them for the last time; the other, for the first time; the one upon the threshold of life, the other upon its utmost verge, just ready to step out of time into eternity. What a suject for the moralist.

The trotting match over the Warwick course on Tuesday last, between "Cecil" and "Delaware," resulted in an easy victory for the latter, Mr. Cochran's horse distancing Mr. Foard's, making the mile in 2-59. We understand that some four or five hundred dollars changed hands on the result of the race, the Delawareans offering freely on their favorite. The track was quite heavy.

Mr. Wm. C. Parker, of St. George's Hundred, has growing upon his premises, a Pecan Tree, the nut from which it grew having been brought from Louisiana, in 1819, by Dr. Naudain, formerly U. S. Senator from Delaware. The tree is six feet 8 inches in circumference, and quite vigorous, yielding nuts in abundance.

LAND SALES.—R. Hynson, Esq. trustee, sold in Chestertown, on Tuesday, the "Smith farm," containing 275 acres, at $71 per acre—William R. Cochran, of Middletown, Del. purchaser. Also the "Hines farm," containing 185 acres, at $71 per acre—purchased by John P. Cochran, of the some place.—*Kent News.*

A new variety of strawberries, known as Napoleon, has been grown this season near St. Michael's, Talbot county, Md. the largest of which measured six inches in circumference.

J. B. Fenimore & Co. are now receiving at their extensive lumber yard in this town, a cargo of over one hundred thousand prime North Carolina Cypress Shingles.

The Middletown Academy closed its summer term yesterday. It will re-open again on the 1st of September, under the control of its present Principal, Professor J. E. Newman.

A Camp Meeting will be held for Millington Circuit, in Mrs. Covy's woods near Chesterville, to commence on Saturday the 8th, of August.

A School Pic Nic will be held in Col. Clayton's Woods, near Middletown, July 1st, 1868.

From Odessa.

The strawberry trade of Odessa is now over, but Messrs. Polk & Hyatt will have some fine raspberries for market, next week.

IMPROVEMENT.—Mr. Daniel Stearns, of Odessa, has built an addition to his dwelling, which adds much to the appearance, as well as the comfort of his home.

BOATS.—John Whitby is now lying at the wharf at Odessa, ready for a cargo of grain.

Teams have been busy hauling stone from the Odessa wharf, for the Middletown Hall. The stone was brought here in boats from Chester.

STEAM FIRE-ENGINE EXPLOSION.—For the first time in the history of the steam fire department in this country a sad calamity occurred in New York on Thursday of last week. There was a fire in the Bowery, and among other machines at work was steam engine no. 9. It had been at work for some time, when the boiler exploded, causing the almost immediate death of five persons and the serious injury of at least twenty more. The accounts of the disaster in New York papers differ as to the cause of this explosion. In one it is stated that the engineer reported the machine unserviceable several weeks ago, when it was taken to a repairing shop and returned as in good condition; but the majority of the accounts are that there was not sufficient water in the boilers, and the sudden turning in of a cold stream to supply the deficiency caused the explosion.

It is quite evident that the explosion was the result of negligence somewhere, and, as this is the first, it is hoped that it will be the last case of the kind. The exciting life of a fireman and the heroic character of his calling should warn him to realize the responsibilities of his position. Like engineers on steamships at sea, they should be always sober, always on the alert, for they have great responsibilities.

WILL OF EX-PRESIDENT BUCHANAN.—The will of the late ex-President Buchanan was admitted to probate at Lancaster this week. After leaving $2,000 to the poor of Lancaster, $5,000 to his housekeeper, $1,000 to Wm. B. Reed, Esq. of Philadelphia, and $5,000 to Mrs Wm. B. Reed, he directs the balance of his estate to be divided as follows: One-fourth to Mrs. Harriet L. Johnston, (formerly Miss Harriet Lane) of Baltimore; one-fourth to the children of his sisters, Harriet B. Lane and Mary Yates, and of his nephew James B. Lane, deceased. Mrs. Harriet L. Johnston falls heir to Wheatland, and to the books, plate and furniture. It is supposed the estate will amount to about $300,000.

Letter from Odessa.

Correspondence of the Middletown Transcript.

ODESSA, June 25th, 1868.

MR. EDITOR:—It is said that apologies are out of place in almost all cases, although explanations are sometimes necessary, however, be this as it may, we shall in presenting this communication to you, simply ask its publication.

We are rejoiced to find your valuable paper circulated among our people; it looks as if the community intend to not only second your good work, but actually help you in your enterprise. We look **upon the press as one of the greatest blessings enjoyed by an enlightened community, scattering broad-cast the precious seeds of religion and morality, and propagating the principles of a free government among the people;** therefore, we welcome the TRANSCRIPT as a blessed vehicle, bearing with it those great truths calculated to make its readers better men and women, and for the advancement of the interests of our great race.

If you and your readers are accustomed to look upon our beautiful town, as the writer has and does, the fact, we have no doubt occurs to you, that nowhere on this Peninsula is there a prettier place than Odessa. Gazing upon it from an eminence, you see a beautiful grove, with here and there a house top, or conspicuous among the shade trees is Drawyer's Church steeple. Enter and you find it teeming with life. The anvil is heard ringing out upon the air; the plane and chisel are busy in fashioning work; the merchant is intent upon his daily routine of business; the school boys and girls trip along the gravel walks, making the air vocal with their merry laughter, and people are sitting under the shade of their trees with happy countenances. The dwellings, though not costly, are commodious and handsome. Not only would you admire our town, but also its surroundings. A stranger in visiting Odessa, lately, said, "you have a fine country around here." Yes, God has blessed us with a susceptible soil and a rolling landscape, so that men have improved these blessings, until the entire country is in a flourishing condition. It is quite an interesting walk, for persons to visit the nurseries surrounding our town. These are owned by Messrs. Polk & Hyatt, Lord, Stevens, and Naudain, who have been supplying us with delicious strawberries during the last few weeks, and we feel sorry that the season is over. **We hope their labors have been as successfully rewarded as they have added to our enjoyment of this luscious fruit.**

We have in these few lines slightly introduced to you our town and suburbs, and will in the future write you something of the people; their doings and sayings, something of the internal work, lest the good people of your town may conclude we are in a lethargic condition.

Respectfully, &c. LUCIUS.

Democratic Nomination Election.

The Democratic nomination election for Sheriff and Coroner took place in this County, on Saturday. The following are the returns:

FOR SHERIFF.

	Richardson,	Armstrong,	Fraser,	Herdman,	McCall,	Total,
Hundreds.						
Brandywine,	84	81	38	0	0	203
Christiana,	25	84	3	0	0	112
Mill Creek,	6	125	2	0	0	133
New Castle,	65	177	15	0	31	288
Pencader,	6	38	41	4	15	104
Red Lion,	31	3	7	12	77	130
St. Georges,	27	82	6	1	7	123
W. Clay Creek	4	279	11	45	0	339
Wilmington,	1126	415	238	2	5	1788
Appoquinimink,	157	56	7	4	0	224
Total	1531	1340	368	68	135	3442

FOR CORONER.

	Pendegrass	Hutton,	Groves,	Worrel,	Fraser,	Widdoes,
Hundreds.						
Brandywine,	159	42	0	5	20	5
Christiana	91	9	1	3	8	0
Mill Creek,	31	39	2	57	3	1
New Castle,	78	11	9	2	188	1
Pencader,	23	4	37	0	40	1
Red Lion,	6	4	112	2	4	2
St. Georges,	3	5	105	5	5	0
White C. Creek.	194	84	4	37	2	15
Wilmington,	1364	227	76	50	50	15
Appoquinimink,	45	3	151	4	19	1
Total,	1964	428	497	165	339	41

Richardson's majority is 191 over Mr. Armstrong the next highest. Pendegrass' majority is 1467 over Mr. Groves, the next highest.

VIOLENT STORM ON THE EASTERN SHORE.—We learn that a terrific storm of hail, rain and wind visited what is known as the "Neck District," in Dorchester county, Maryland, on Sunday evening last. Trees were torn up by the roots, and considerable damage done to the fencing. The corn and wheat crops in several places were much injured, particularly from above Hill's Point to near Wallach's wharf. On some few farms the wheat was cut down as with a scythe. A very sudden change in the weather ensued, and at Cambridge yesterday the atmosphere was unpleasantly cool. This storm probably extended over other portions of the State, and accounts for the sudden change in the weather here on Sunday night.

PRINCELY POVERTY.—The Prince of Wales seems likely to come to want, and his friends are taking early measures to prevent it. A correspondent of the London *Times* proposes to pass round the hat. He says the allowance of £100,000 per annum ($500,000) is not sufficient in these expensive days, "for a constitutional monarch's eldest son," and expresses the hope that the "representatives of the people" will take up the matter, and provide this very useful young man with at least enough to live on.

NEW RAILWAY TO BALTIMORE.—A new railway, to be styled the Buffalo and Southern Railway, is projected, to connect Buffalo with Baltimore by direct route, making the distance equal to that between Buffalo and Albany. The new road, by proper connections, will only require 120 miles of new rails to be laid. The company has already organized, and the pioneer railway engineer, William Wallace, is instructed to survey the route.

Political Items.

THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.—Radical leaders have promised that the needless Freedmen's Bureau should be abolished. Millions upon millions are squandered upon useless office holders, and idle, vagrant blacks, which the poor white men of the North have to pay. And yet in the face of this great outrage upon the labor of the country, a Radical Congress has voted to continue this institution for another year. This has been done for party purposes,—to hold the South still longer at the point of the bayonet. It is done solely with a view of affecting the Presidential election. The Democratic minority under the lead of Mr. Hendricks made a vigorous fight against this continuance of an annual burden of from ten to fifteen millions of dollars upon the industrious labor of the North, but it was of no use.

The people, therefore, are called upon to contemplate the fact that Congress, purely as a measure to prop up the party of the majority of that body, saddles upon them a tax of from ten to fifteen millions of dollars for the year ending June 30th, 1869. General Howard's estimate for his bureau in 1867 was $10,350,265.55, and here are some of the items of expenses as presented in the appropriation bill:

Salaries of Assistant Commissioners, sub-assistant and agents	$147,500 00
Salaries of Clerks	82,800 00
Stationery and Printing	63,000 00
Quarters and Fuel	200,000 00
Subsistence Stores	1,500,000 00
Medical Department	500,000 00
Transportation	800,000 00
School Superintendents	25,000 00
Buildings for Schools and Asylum	500,000 00
Telegraphing and Postag	18,000 00

These are only a few of the objects for which the public money is expended in keeping up the Negro Bureau and other purposes.

There is no evidence to show that this bureau is needed. No one will doubt for a moment that if the Democratic party was in power, the Negro Bureau would be smashed to pieces, and the lazy negroes and the army of carpet-bag officers would be left to earn an honest living.—*The Baltimore Leader.*

GRANT'S PERSONAL APPEARANCE.—"J. B. S." the *World's* correspondent, saw Grant at West Point this week, and thus describes him:—"He appeared as on the previous evening, in a suit of plain black; his shirt-front and vest "sagging" from the slight stoop in his shoulders; his manner as quiet, his eye as watchful, and his gait as lazy as they usually are. The General has an undeniably "hard" looking face, to which, in respect to whatever of an intellectual cast there is about it, the worst of his portraits do more than justice. His bad complexion and the yellowish brown tint of his grizzled beard, mix, so to speak, with one another, producing an effect quite wretched. Nor is his expression, at its best, calculated to reassure the beholder. His much talked-of reticence appears by no means to be the reserve of a calm, dignified, modest gentleman. It resembles, rather, the taciturnity, pent with the awkward self-consciousness, of one fearful of exposing some intellectual frailty. For a great man, General Grant is not at all fascinating.

The Tuscaloosa Ala. Monitor has been suppressed under an order of General Sheppard, for an alleged violation of General Order No 51. Mr. Randolph, its editor, has avoided arrest, and will proceed at once to Washington, and lay the facts before General Grant and the President.

In Philadelphia the Democratic Convention has nominated Daniel M. Fox for mayor. He has been an unsuccessful candidate twice before. The other candidates withdrew their names, and the nomination was unanimously made.

The following Democratic Congressional nominations were made in Philadelphia on Tuesday: First district, Samuel Randall; Second district, Thos. B. Florence; Third district, John Moffatt; Fourth district, James B. Nicholson.

Alexander H. Stephens and Herschel V. Johnson are urged to be present at the meeting of the National Democratic Convention in New York.

The *National Intelligencer* wants Secretary McCullough removed, and charges him with corrupt speculations in gold with favorites and kinsmen.

It is estimated that already over 20,000 persons have applied for tickets of admission to the Democratic National Convention.

Senator Sprague of Rhode Island is said to be in favor of the nomination of Judge Chase for the Presidency.

The Union League of Philadelphia has declared against Col. Mann, and in favor of Mr. Hazlehurst as District Attorney.

Isn't Gran'ts public admission that he has "no policy" an acknowledgement that his election is not insured?

Jessie Fremont has one of the finest residences on the Hudson, at Tarrytown.

DEATH FROM THE STING OF A LOCUST.—Most persons familiar with locusts, or cicada, do not consider its sting poisonous, and many even doubt its power to sting; but instances are occurring which prove that it can sting, and that the wound it inflicts is dangerous, and often fatal. The two following cases are reported by the *Reading Daily Herald:*

"On last Wednesday Miss Elizabeth Gambler, residing near Temple station, on the East Pennsylvania Railroad, caught a locust—the first she had seen—and was exhibiting it to her mother, when it stung her in the hand. The sting caused her much pain, and its poisonous effects ran through her whole system, from the effects of which she died on Saturday evening. Miss Gambler was a very amiable young lady of eigteen years of age."

"Mrs. Ream, wife of Frederick Ream, residing on Washington street, was yesterday stung in the back of the neck by a locust. The wound immediately commenced swelling, and fears were entertained for Mrs. R.'s life. The following remedies were applied, and she is now out of danger: A young chicken was killed and gutted, and the flesh applied to the wound. In about an hour the poison was absorbed by the flesh of the chicken, which presented a greenish appearance."

Things in Washington.

A letter from Washington, June 21st, says the veto of the Arkansas bill by the President late on Saturday gives earnest of a similar course in respect to the "Omnibus" bill. There is hope in intelligent quarters, therefore, that the latter may yet be defeated.

Mr. Johnson will also, it is understood, veto the bill now before him legalizing the corrupt, bogus election of Bowen and his satellites, by which the corporate affairs of this city are sought to be turned over to the control of negroes.

Another letter dated June 22d, says: Thad Stevens, not yet satisfied with the result of two efforts at impeachment has prepared four other articles, which he will present to the House as soon as he can obtain the floor. The articles charge the President, first, with a high misdemeanor in violating the constitution by the establishing of provisional governments in the Southern States, without the advice and consent of Congress. Second, for abuse of the pardoning power in pardoning rebels and deserters from the Union army and other criminals for the special purpose of securing their votes and support in his schemes. Third, for corrupt use of his patronage to obstruct the laws of Congress in the reconstruction of the Southern States; and fourth, a corrupt use of his patronage to influence the elections that have occurred within the past three years.

Mr. Stevens has prepared these articles with great care, and without consultation with any of the managers. He will support the articles in a carefully prepared speech, and will then ask for a special committee. He says he may not do any more than introduce the articles this session, but take a vote on them next session; nor is he anxious about conviction, but says he wants to get the facts before the country and put the President on the record in as bad light as possible. He professes to have obtained possession of papers and facts which warranted him in framing the above charges.

A Washington letter to the Baltimore Gazette of June 22d, says: John Surratt was admitted to bail this morning, the District Attorney not being willing to proceed to trial upon his new fanfarronade of an indictment. This perhaps is the last we shall hear of this case. It is thought here that it is high time Dr. Mudd and his fellow sufferers were released from the Dry Tortugas, eighteen months having transpired since their incarceration was pronounced by the Supreme Court totally illegal.

The President has given no intimation to Mr. McCulloch that his resignation as Secretary of the Treasury would be acceptable. From all that can be ascertained the relations between him and the President continue friendly. There is no indication that he will resign, although efforts continue to be made by certain parties to produce that result.

AMERICAN STEEL.—Experiments just made at the Navy Department with cast steel resulted in favor of an American brand of Pittsburg steel, which stood the extraordinary test of 242,100 pounds tensile strength to the square inch, being the highest on record, and showing a superiority over English manufacture.

Advices received at Washington from Senator Grimes, of Iowa, say that his recovery is now impossible. His memory is rapidly failing, and his mind is becoming so weak that he complains of not being able to think.

POLITICAL CHANGE.—Mhe Washington *Evening Express* heretofore independent in politics, announces in its issue of Saturday that it will support the nominees of the Democratic Convention.

Washington dispatches say there is no foundation for the report that Secretary McCulloch has sent in his resignation.

Delaware Affairs.

THE AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION.—But few articles were on exhibition on Thursday of last week. A patent post machine and a tilting wagon attracted attention.

The course was in good order, but the heat of the day was too intense to expect horses to do their best. The *Patchen Mare* belonging to Geo. G. Lobdell, the sorrel mare *Coquette*, belonging to Zadock Townsend, dun horse *Sam*, owned by L. W. Stidham, were entered for the first race. Best two in three. Patchen took the first in 3.11½; Sam the second in 3.12; and Coquette the third in 3.05. Patchen was withdrawn. Coquette won the fourth heat and the race in 3.10

The second race was one between Merick's roan horse, "Abe," and Lobdell's bay mare, "Helen." Helen won the first heat in 3.02; Abe won the second in 2.58; and Helen won the third in 2.51. This was a very exciting heat, the mare only winning by a neck. Helen won the fourth heat and the race in 2.53

The third race was between the sorrel mare "Rosie" commonly called the "Coal Oil Mare" owned by Mr. E. T. Warner, and the bay mare "Lucy" owned by Mr. D. Lammot; best three in five. Lucy won the first three heats in 3.11, 3.09 and 3.08. Both broke frequently and badly.

This ended the racing and at the conclusion, Mr. Ogle sold for Mr. Warner the mare Rosie at public sale to Daniel Lammot.

GRADUATES.—Among the graduates at the recent commencement at West Point Military Academy was Paul Dahlgren, of this State.

W. M. Cowgill graduated as a Midshipman at the late commencement of the Naval Academy, at Annapolis. He stood 19 in order of merit in a class of 75. He is the son of Dr. C. Cowgill, recently of Dover, now in Florida.

A careful estimation of the strength of the two branches of Old and New School Presbyterians, when their union is completed, shows a total of 407,889 members, 4,172 ministers, 4,182 congregations, and 358,262 Sunday school attendants.

Five cases of sunstroke occurred in New York and one in Brooklyn on Saturday, two proving fatal.

It is stated that the laboring men of San Francisco have $8,000,000 in the savings banks of that city.

Items of News.

Santa Anna is again on the war path. Preparations are being made at Brownsville, Texas, for a military expedition under the auspices of the old hero, having Monterey and Bagdad as objective points. It is stated that Santa Anna's Brownsville agent has purchased 400 horses with equipments and rifles, and on an understood signal from Negrete or Ortega a movement will be made on Monterey.

Mr. Longfellow has arrived out and been the recipient of marked attentions. On the 16th the University of Cambridge conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Laws. The Vice-Chancellor, in conferring the degree, made an address in Latin, in which he referred with marked satisfaction to the appointment of the Hon. Reverdy Johnson to represent the United States in England.

The steamer Lavern, while towing a barge bound to Bridgeport, Connecticut, exploded her boiler off pier 1, East river, New York, on Saturday morning. The tug sunk immediately. Ira Lynch, a deck hand, was blown overboard and drowned; the rest of the crew were saved.

When Charles Dickens arrived home from America, the farmers turned out on the road to his house to greet him, and the houses for miles on the way were dressed with flags. The village bell-ringers rang a merry peal of welcome home again to the great author.

George Francis Train has been again arrested, and brought before a London Court for Bankruptcy and remanded to prison. He declared his arrest proceeded from political motives and called on the army and navy of the United States to protect him.

Col. C. F. Hampton, brother of General Wade Hampton, a large land owner in Oconee county, South Carolina, has expressed a willingness, with many other public spirited citizens, to give lands to *bona fide* settlers—German and other foreign emigrants.

A flock of pigeons, covering a space of twelve and one-half miles in length and fifty feet in breadth, passed over Wellsville, Tioga county, Pa. a few days ago.

Over 125,000 quarts of strawberries passed over the Camden and Atlantic Railroad on Tuesday last ,50,000 of them going to New York, and the balance to Philadelphia. They were mostly from the vicinity of Hammonton, N. J.

Miss. Letitia C. Tyler, granddaughter of ex-President Tyler, has issued a prospectus for a new literary paper, to be devoted exclusively to improvement and amusement of boys and girls. It is to be published at Montgomery, Alabama.

Miss Louisa Simpson, a wealthy old maiden lady, who recently died in Pittsburg, provided in her will a fund for the support of her dogs, and ordered her horse to be killed, for fear he would not be treated well by other owners.

The bricklayers of New York to the number of three thousand have struck—demanding four dollars and a half for eight hours' work. They have been getting five dollars for ten hours.

The wheat harvest commenced in various sections of Virginia last week, and the yield promises to be very heavy. Some parcels of new wheat have already been received at Richmond.

Maine is the Lake State of the East; it has more than 1500 lakes, elevated so high as to give ample water power for three or four millions of people, should the population ever become so large.

The grasshoppers are destroying the growing garden and farm crops in Central Iowa. The pests swarm over the fields and leave devastation behind.

Two stores on Washington street, Boston have in their windows delicate Panama hats valued at $125 to $200. They are the "genuine article."

Kentucky, Tennessee, Arkansas, & other States of the South are harvesting their wheat, of good quality and satisfactory in quantity.

A school-house in Monroe, Conn. was struck by lightning on Tuesday morning, and three children, 6, 10 and 13 years of age, were instantly killed.

By the collision of the steamer Morning Star with a bark 20 miles from Cleveland, Ohio, on Saturday night, both were sunk and twenty persons are missing.

The revolution in Venezuela is gaining strength and rapidly extending. The revolutionary force was within a few miles of Caracas at last advices.

The new iron steamship Varuna, which sailed from Philadelphia on the 6th instant for Havana, has not been heard from, and it is feared she has been lost.

The Titusville (Pa.) Herald estimates the present daily production of petroleum at 9,740 barrels, and the number of new wells drilling at 245.

There are 1,500 revenue officers in New York city, and yet whiskey sells there for sixty cents per gallon, when it ought to pay two dollars tax.

The largest gold brick ever seen in Montana is on exhibition in a bank at Helena. Its weight is 1,682 ounces, and its value is $31,050.

In the South Carolina House of Representatives, which is said to meet in a well ventilated hall, there are eighty negroes.

The first samples of new wheat have been received in San Francisco, and are of excellent quality.

Dickens's son is giving readings in England from the writings of his father, but he is not successful.

Patrick Nicholson killed his wife Theresa in Brooklyn, Saturday morning by shooting her in the head.

A Nashville jury has acquitted B. H. Payne, tried for the murder of M. S. Allen, the seducer of his wife.

In Nevada there has been so heavy a fall of snow as to break in the roofs of houses.

Dr. Charles F. Thornton, a grandson of Gen. Harrison, ex-President, has committed suicide.

Illinois will celeberate its fiftieth year of admission into the Union next August.

The glass in the postoffice in New York is to cost $76,000.

The northern part of Wisconsin is suffering from a drought.

Hon. Nehemiah Perry is thought to be almost sure of the democratic nomination for Governor of New Jersey.

Mr. Pendleton is expected to arrive in New York this week.

The Middletown Transcript

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
BY HENRY VANDERFORD.

☞ Office corner Main and Scott streets, over D. L. Dunning's Book and Variety Store.

TERMS.—$2.00 per annum, *payable in advance.* Single copies five cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.—One square of ten lines, $1 for the first insertion and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. One square one year $10; six months $6. For a quarter of a column three months $8; six months $15; one year, with the privilege of four changes, $25; for half a column $50. Fractions of a square to be counted as a square. When the number of insertions is not marked, advertisements will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly. Obituaries published at advertising rates; Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Yearly advertisers must confine their advertisements to their own business.

☞ All letters should be addressed to THE MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, Middletown, Del.

FAMINE IN ALGERIA.—We have had, at various times recently, accounts of the terrible famine prevailing in Algeria. We now find a statement in the Catholic Mirror, of this city, to the effect that more than one hundred thousand of the Arabs of Northern Africa have perished therefrom during the last six months, and that the Archbishop of Algiers has already gathered together four thousand children of deceased Arab parents, many of them tender infants, taken from the breasts of their famished mothers. To such proportions has the famine attained that cannibalism has reappeared in Algeria, and, under the pangs of hunger, mothers have devoured their own children. The present distress is not the only horror, for under the influence of sickness and despair, the natives have been unable to devote themselves this year to the labors of husbandry, and thus nearly two millions of human beings are threatened with a famine more dreadful perhaps than that which now afflicts them. Collections are now being made for the relief of the sufferers in all parts of Europe, and the Archbishop of Algiers has sent two clergymen to the United States to solicit alms for rearing the abandoned children. One of the clergymen, Rev. M. Gey, has arrived in Baltimore, duly accredited to Archbishop Spalding, who commends his charitable undertaking to the benevolent of all classes and all denominations.—*Baltimore Sun.*

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.—Quite a severe thunder storm occurred at Dover on Sunday afternoon, accompanied with severe lightning. A party of gentlemen were returning from Kitt's Hammock, in two carriages, and when about two miles from town, the lightning struck the fence by the roadside and felled the horses to the ground It was thought they were both killed at first, but they revived, and whilst assisting one of them, belonging to John H. Hendrickson, upon his feet, the other, belonging to John Donney, jumped up and ran off with the carriage, completely demolishing it. Mr. H.'s horse was badly hurt, by either the shock or the pieces of fence rail. A stable in Dover, belonging to Joshua Parker, (col.) was also struck, and considerably injured. One end was knocked out. The storm extended down the country.—*Smyrna Times.*

SUICIDE OF A LONDON BANKER IN NEW YORK.—A banker, named George W. Belding, of the firm of Belding, Keith & Co. No, 80 Lombard street, London. England, committed suicide on Sunday morning in his cell in Ludlow-street jail, New York, where he was confined on civil process.—His firm, which did a large American business, failed some time ago, and he telegraphed a Boston creditor that he would come to this country for the purpose of effecting a compromise. On his arrival the Boston creditor immediately caused his arrest and placed him in prison. His wife and two children are daily expected from England.

DISASTER ON LAKE ERIE.—The steamer Morning Star, for Detroit, collided with the barque Cortland, thirty miles from Cleveland, on Saturday, at 11 o'clock. Both vessels sunk in a few minutes. The total number of passengers on the steamer was forty, and she had a crew of thirty men. The crew of the barque was thirteen men. About twenty persons are missing, the remainder having been picked up by the steamer R. M. Rice. Their names are not yet known. All the officers were saved except James Moreton, clerk of the steamer, who was seen to go down with Mrs. Hackett, the wife of Captain Hackett, a passenger.

NOTICE.

AN Instalment, of one Dollar per Share upon the Capital Stock of the Middletown Hall Company will be due, and payable to John R. Hall, Esq. on Monday, July 13th, 1868. As the work is now rapidly progressing, prompt payments will be required to meet coming liabilities.

By order of the Pres't.
J. THOMAS BUDD,
June 20—1w Secretary.

G. & H. BARMORE,

PIANO FORTE

MANUFACTURERS,

Ware-rooms, 348 Bleecker Street, New York City.

32 Years Established, and 27 Prize Medals Awarded.

Our Piano Fortes are now universally acknowledged by the most discriminating artists to be the Best manufactured, and wherever they have been introduced and used, we are not required to say one word in their favor, their excellence stands pre-eminently to those of other makers; and from the great success achieved, and improvements made by us in the last thirty years, we can afford to sell a first-class Piano Forte at $100 to $100 less than a similar one can be bought elsewhere

Every Piano Forte Warranted for 5 Years, and to give Satisfaction.

Our Pianos are made to last; them steriale used for every part are thoroughly seasoned, and of the very best quality that can be procured. No part is slighted; what the public eye might pass over, never escapes our vigilance. Every part, inside and out, is honestly, faithfully and thoroughly made, so that it will bear the most minute examination. They differ from the loud, coarse tone of most pianos, (which is bad in the beginning, and grows worse every day,) inasmuch as it is refined and delicate, pure in its vibrations, delightful in its singing capacity, and has all the power necessary to produce every desired effect.

They are, without doubt, the best, the most lasting, and consequently the cheapest. We are content with a fair profit. Our prices range from $200 to $600.00.

OSBORN MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
109 Bleecker Street, N. Y

"OSBORN" BIRD AND ANIMAL CAGES.

Manufactured solely by this Company at Bridgeport, Conn. under Letters of Patent of the United States.

These Cages are of a great variety of styles and finish, and include

Canary, Parrot, Mocking Bird, Squirrel &c.

They are finished in a superior manner; no paint or any description—which is so fatal to birds and animals—being used in their construction. They are Vermin Proof. Bird Fanciers will appreciate those points of excellence, to be found in no other Cages. They received the highest premium at the American Institute and New York State Fairs of 1867.

Liberal discount to the Trade. Send for Circular and Price List. 4 mos.

MARRIED.

On the 17th inst. by Rev. Father Pacciarina, at the residence of the brides father, Mr. Henry A. Wise, to Miss Elizabeth P. daughter of James A. Bates, all of St. Mary's county, Md.

On the 25th, inst. at Salem, N. J. by Rev. Q. S. Tigler, Mr. Samuel Sharp, of Alta Vela, California, to Miss Hannah J. Morris, of Charleston, South Carolina.

DIED.

In Baltimore, on the 18th instant, Catherine Y. Durst, (formerly Mrs. Barron,) in the 53d year of her age.

THE MARKETS.

MIDDLETOWN MARKET.

Wheat, prime red	$2 30
Corn yellow	1 08
" white	1 03
Oats	75
Timothy Seed	3 75
Clover Seed	8 00
Butter	20@25 cts. ₱ lb
Eggs	30 cts ₱ dozen
Chickens	16@18 " "
Lard	19@20 " "
Hogs	10@15 " "
Beef	20@25 " "
Hams	22@25 " "
Sides	19@20 " "
Shoulders	17@18 " "
Potatoes	1 62@1 75 ₱ bush

PHILADELPHIA.

Prime red wheat	$2 50@2 52
Corn, new yellow	1@14
Oats	86@87

WILMINGTON.

Wheat red	$2 50
Corn	1 15
Oats	85
Flour	$13 00@13 50

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS, and CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D. and Professor of Disease of the Eye and Ear, in the Medical College of Pennsylvania, 12 years experience, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 865 Arch Street, Phila. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination.

Farmers, Your Attention!!

NOTICE that the PENINSULAR MACHINE WORKS have "resumed labor," and particular attention will be given to repairing Pennington & Hussey's Reapers, Horse Rakes, Threshers, and Horse Powers of all kinds. A lot of Superior Reapers on hand. Farmers, look to your intersts, and purchase Reliable Machinery "made at home," where you can have your repairing done promptly and reliably, and at the shortest notice. ☞ All work warranted equal to any offered, J. THOS. BUDD,
July 26-tf Agent.

FARMERS, NOTICE.

A Lot of New PENINGTON REAPERS, will be sold at Public Sale on

Wednesday, July 1st, 1868.

at 2 o'clock, P. M. on reasonable terms, at the Shops of the Peninsula Machine Works, Middletown, Delaware.
June 27—1t. R. H. HODGSON.

BAUGH'S COMMERCIAL MANURES.

ON EVERY PACKAGE.

BAUGH & SONS, Philada.
AND
NORTH WESTERN FERTILIZING Co.
Chicago,
Sole Manufacturers.

PRICES.

BAUGH'S RAW BONE PHOSPHATE,
$56 per 2000 pounds.

BAUGH'S CHICAGO BONE FERTILIZER,
$50 per 2000 pounds.

BAUGH'S CHICAGO BLOOD MANURE,
$50 per 2000 pounds.

The above Manures are furnished in both bags and barrels, whichever customers perfer. The bags are uniform in weight 160 pounds.

The attention of Farmers is especially directed to the fact that the sources of the Raw Material of which the above Manures are composed, are so well under control that we can furnish them of strictly uniform quality and condition, and that they contain a larger percentage of ammonia than any other class of manufactured manures in the market.

BAUGH & SONS,
20 S. Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA.

NORTH WESTERN FERTILIZING Co.,
Cor. Lake & Lasalle Sts.
CHICAGO.

☞ BAUGH'S COMMERCIAL MANURES may be procured from dealers in any of the principal towns in the United States or Dominion of Canada.
June 20—4m

W. M. KENNARD,

OF THE WELL KNOWN

DRY GOODS AND CARPET HOUSE,

306 Market Street, Wilmington,

offers to the buying public one of the most desirable assortment of

☞ GOODS ☜

ever displayed by this old established house. Buying for CASH, selling on the same terms,

Purchasing from first Hands,

AS WELL AS

Importing some Styles of Goods,

all combined, gives him many advantages not usual with retail stores.

A LARGE STOCK,
PLENTY OF LIGHT,
No Misrepresentation of Goods,
AND LOW PRICES

☞ are SOME of the inducements held forth to buyers. ☜
January 4, 1868—6m

Delaware Rail Road Line.

Summer Arrangement.

ON and after MONDAY, June 8th, 1868, Passenger Trains will run as follows, until further notice:

Train leaving Crisfield 2.45 A. M. will run every morning, except Monday. All other Trains Sundays excepted.

NORTH.

Leave Crisfield,	2 45 A. M.		7 30 A. M.
" Marion,			8 00
" Kingston,			8 20
" Westover,			8 45
" Prin. Anne,	3 30		9 20
" Eden			9 45
" Forktown			10 05
" Salisbury	4 05		10 30
" Delmar			10 45
" Laurel	4 30		11 05
" Seaford	4 45		11 30
" Bridgeville	5 00		11 50
" Greenwood			12 00 M.
" Farmington			12 15 P. M.
" Harrington	5 30	7 00 A. M.	12 35
" Felton		7 15	12 50
" Plymouth		7 20	1 00
" Canterbury		7 20	1 00
" Wil. Grove		7 25	1 05
" Camden		7 35	1 15
" Dover	6 05	7 50	1 30
" Moorton		8 05	1 45
" Brenford		8 10	1 55
" Smyrna		8 05	1 50
" Clayton	6 30	8 20	2 05
" Sassafras R'd		8 25	2 10
" Blackbird		8 35	2 20
" Townsend		8 40	2 30
" Middleto'n	7 05	9 00	2 45
" Mt Pleasant		9-10	2 55
" St Georges		9 25	3 10
" Bear		9 35	3 25
" New Castle	7 45	9 55	3 45
Arrive Wilm.	8 03 A. M.	10 15	4 05
" Philad'a	9 30 "	11 45 A. M.	5 40 P.M.
" Baltimore	1 15 P. M	1 15 P. M.	8 00 "

SOUTH.

Leave Philad'a		11 00 P. M.	8 30 A. M. 5 00 P. M.
" Baltimore		9 00	7 25 2 15
" Wilm	12 25	A. M. 10 10	6 25
" New Castle	12 45	10 30	6 45
" Bear		10 50	7 00
" St Georges		11 00	7 15
" Mt Pleasant		11 15	7 30
" Middleto'n	1 35	11 35	7 50
" Townsend		11 45	8 00
" Blackbird		11 50	8 05
" Sassafras		12 00 M.	8 15
" Clayton	2 05	12 05 P. M.	8 20
Arrive Smyrna		12 15	8 30
Leave Brenford		12 10	8 25
" Moorton		12 20	8 35
" Dover	2 30	12 40	8 55
" Camden		12 50	9 05
" Wil. Grove		1 05	9 15
" Canterbury		1 10	9 20
" Plymouth		1 10	9 20
" Felton		1 20	9 30
" Harrington	3 20	1 40	9 45 P. M.
" Farmington		1 55	
" Greenwood		2 05	
" Bridgeville	3 50	2 15	
" Seaford	4 10	2 35	
" Laurel	4 30	2 55	
" Delmar		3 10	
" Salisbury	5 05	3 40	
" Forktown		4 00	
" Eden		4 15	
" Prin. Anne	5 40	4 50	
" Westover	5 50	5 10	
" Kingston		5 30	
" Marion		5 45	
Arrive Crisfield	6 25 P. M.	6 05 P. M.	

NEW CASTLE TRAINS.—Leave New Castle for Wilmington and Philadelphia at 12 05 P. M.—and on Mondays at 7 45 A. M. Leave Philadelphia 12 00 M. and Wilmington 1 15 P. M. for New Castle.

SMYRNA BRANCH TRAINS.—Additional to those above leave Smyrna for Clayton 11 45 A. M. and 8 10 P. M. Leave Clayton for Smyrna, 8 40 A. M. and 2.10 P. M. to make connection with trains to and from Dover, and Stations South. Also, train will leave Smyrna at 6. 15 A. M. Sundays and Mondays excepted, to connect with express, and return leaving Clayton at 6 45 A. M.

Trains leaving Crisfield at 2 45 A. M., and Wilmington going South at 12 25 A. M. will run in close connection with Steamboats to Norfolk and Portsmouth and Express Trains to and from Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. They will stop on the Delaware Railroad Line only at principal stations at which their time is stated. Except that Steamboat Train South will let off passengers from Baltimore at any station to which they have tickets.

E. Q. SEWALL,
April 18. Superintendent Delaware R. R.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
NEW CASTLE COUNTY, May 12th, 1868.

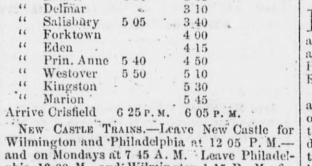
Upon the application of Mark H. Davis, Executor of the last Will and Testament of Mark Davis, late of Saint George's Hundred, in said county, deceased; it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Executor aforesaid, give notice of the granting of Letters Testamentary upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places of the County of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the Estate, to present the same, or abide by an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. And also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, a newspaper published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.

{L. S.} Given under the hand and Seal of office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle County aforesaid, the day and year above written.

R. C. FRAIM, Register.

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased must present the same duly attested to the Executor on or before May 12th, 1869, or abide the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

MARK H. DAVIS,
Executor.
Address—Middletown, Delaware.
May 23—2m



FARMERS AND THRESHERMEN
Look to Your Interest,

AND BUY THE WHEELER and MELICK Threshing Machines, (of Albany, New York,) acknowledged by all to be the best in use and for sale by

A. J. MICHENER, Genl. Agent,
West Nottingham, Cecil county, Md.

All Machines Warranted to give entire satisfaction, or may be returned after a reasonable time for trial. Repairs constantly on hand.

Also Agent for the Keystone Clover Huller.
April, 11-3m

HARNESS MAKING.

THE undersigned having commenced Harness making at

ODESSA, DEL.

Is prepared to furnish every article in his line on the most reasonable terms.

His experience in city and country justifies his promise that

ALL HIS WORK WILL BE OF THE
☞ *BEST QUALITY.* ☜

And gives him confidence to solicit a share of the public patronage.

☞ His Shop is on Main street, in the house formerly occupied by Joseph Tawresy.
WM. T. GALLAHER.
April 25—tf

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned, having rented the large and convenient room formerly occupied by Mr. T. E. Jump, at Warwick, has just opened a large and complete assortment of all kinds of

GOODS,

necessary to be kept in a first class store. Having come among you for the purpose of making an honest living, he hopes by close attention to business to receive a share of the public patronage, pledging himself to make it to your interest to give him a call, intending to sell any and all goods as low as they can be bought in any town on the shore; call in and examine, and if it is not so, you are not compelled to buy. No charge for showing goods.

Look at Some of the Prices,

Calicoes, 8, 10, 12 and 16 cents per yard.
Bleached and Brown Muslins, 10, 12, 15, 18, and 23 cents per yard.
Good and all wool Cassimeres, 65, 75, and $1.00 per yard. Fine Black Cloths and Cassimeres from $1,25 to $5,00.

A Fine Stock of Ready Made Clothing
AT VERY LOW PRICES.

GROCERIES.

Brown Sugar, 12½, 16 and 17 cents, White, 17, and 18 cents per lb. Green Coffee, 25 and 30 cents pr. lb. Burnt Coffee. 30 cents per lb.

Good Molasses, 55, cts per gal. Best Syrup, $1,00 per gallon.

Pure Cider Vinegar, 40 cts. per gal. Coal Oil, the very best, 50 cts. per gallon.

QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
TINWARE, WOODEN
and WILLOW-WARE.

NOTIONS.

Hosiery, Gloves, Fancy Soaps, Perfumery, Laces, Edgings and Trimmings.

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS and CAPS, a full line, at low prices.

Oil Cloths, Table Covers, Straw Mattings and Carpetings.

Collars, Bridles, Halters, Rope and Chain Traces, Shovels, Spades, Rakes and Hoes.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods, at the highest market prices.

WOOL WANTED.

The highest market price given for Wool.

Call in and examine, and if there is anything you want and don't see it, call for it and we will have it.

P. S. ☞ Remember no trouble to show goods. Repectfully;
May 30-1y A. W. SPARKS.

WM L. CHALK'S,

Flour, Feed and Provision Store,
No. 9. WEST MAIN ST.
Middletown, Delaware.

KEEPS constantly on hand the best grades of Flour, Meal and Feed of all kinds, Corn and Oats. Vegetables of all kinds in their season; also, Fresh Meat, Beef, Veal and Mutton, sliced Ham, Dried Beef, Bologna Sausage, Butter and Eggs. Market days—Wednesday and Saturday.

Flour, Feed and Meal, in quantities of 50 lbs. and upwards will be delivered to purchasers free of charge. All the above articles will be sold at the very lowest Cash prices, all goods cash on delivery. Thankful for the liberal Patronage of the past year, I hope by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.

P. S.—Having made arrangements with the Odessa stage driver, to take orders for me, I will visit Odessa, three times a week, Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, and deliver Flour, Meal and Feed, in quantities to suit. Orders delivered to Mr. Money, will receive prompt attention. This arrangement will be continued with Mr. Chance or his driver, at the expiration of Mr. Money's time.

Having made arrangements with the Celebrated Miller, Mr. Drummond, to be supplied with his best Flour, I can sell the same at his own retail prices. Farmers and others from the country can be supplied, without the trouble of driving to the mill, by bringing their money to No. 9. and get their food for Man, and Beast.
May 30-tf

Excelsior Reaper & Mower.
New Yorker Reaper & Mower.
Little Giant Reaper & Mower.
Woods' Reaper & Mower.
STONER STEEL TOOTH RAKE.
Westinghouse Threshing Machine.

For Sale at the Agricultural Warehouse of
E. T. EVANS.
Middletown, Del.

10,000 SALMOM BRICKS,
10,000 Red Bricks,
20,000 Hard Bricks.
FOR SALE BY
April 25 E. T. EVANS.
Middletown, Del.

THE WORLD'S
Combined Mower & Reaper,
THE VERY BEST IN THE WORLD.
THE ECONOMY
Wood Tooth Self-Delivering Hay and Grain Rake.

For Sale by - - - - - - - J. T. BUDD.

ORDERS are being received for the above new and superior machinery, and a limited number only can be supplied this season. Send your orders at once. Call and examine them.

☞ Agents for Economy Rake wanted, to whom a liberal commission will be allowed.
March 7—tf

ATTEND TO YOUR TEETH.

FEW persons are properly impressed with the importance of giving early attention to decaying teeth. The health is often affected by them, to say nothing of the inconvenience and suffering, which they produce. It is important to have all caries promptly arrested. If treated in time most teeth may be preserved.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain,

by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, a harmless and pleasant anesthetic.

J. J. VANDERFORD, D. D. S.
May 9-tf Middletown, Del.

TURBINE WATER WHEEL,

DR. T. J. KINDLEBERGER'S latest improved patent.

Double Centre-Vent Buckeye
TURBINE
WATER WHEEL,

Patented November 4th, 1862, and July 11th, 1865. WM. H. SPRATT, Millwright,
Cherry Hill, Cecil county, Md.
April 11, 1868—1y GENERAL AGENT.

LIVERY STABLE.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES for hire at the Stables of L. R. Davis' Middletown Hotel. The horses are safe, and careful drivers will be provided when desired. Terms moderate. Apply to THOS. MURRAY.
Jan. 4.—y At the Stables.

SCOWDRICK & MOORE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRY GOODS AND
GROCERY DEALERS,

RESPECTFULLY announce to their friends and the public generally, that they have just received and are constantly receiving direct from the Importers and Jobbers a large and splendid stock of Spring and Summer Goods of the latest Styles and Patterns, consisting in part of

Fine French Cloths,
French and Doeskin Cassimers,
Ladies' Fine Cloaking Cloths.

DRESS GOODS,

OF EVERY VARIETY SUCH AS

MOHAIR'S, POPLINS, ALPACAS &c.

OF ALL COLORS.

BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED MUSLINS

of the best standard make.

A LARGE STOCK OF

WHITE GOODS AND TRIMMINGS,
Hosiery, Gloves, Notions, &c.

HATS AND CAPS.

Groceries, Hardware, Queensware &c.

in fact everything usually kept in a first class Country Store, and at the very lowest prices the markets can afford.

We have also bought of Mr. D. McKee, his entire stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

OF HIS OWN MANUFACTURE,

which in connection with our General Stock will be offered at greatly reduced prices.

Thankful for your heretofore bounteous patronage, we hope by strict attention to business to share a continuance of the same.

On account of the Credit System being so thoroughly reduced among the Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers, our TERMS will be hereafter 6 months credit, or 5 per cent off for cash.

SCOWDRICK & MOORE.
May 2-y Middletown, Del

NEWARK MACHINE WORKS.

THE DIAMOND STATE
Thresher and Cleaner.

WE call the attention of Farmers to our improved Diamond State Thresher and Cleaner, with double acting Separator. The practical operation of these machines is such as will warrant us in advising those wanting Threshers and Cleaners to examine ours before purchasing elsewhere. We manufacture three sizes, No. 1, 36 inch cylinder, No. 2, 30 inch cylinder, No. 3, 26 inch cylinder. They are of the best materials and workmanship, and

Warranted to Suit Purchasers.

Large or small powers can be used to drive them as desired. Galvanized sheet iron is used for Seives and Shaker bottoms. They are unequaled in strength; durability and ease of running, doing their work rapidly and in the best manner. The machine is a model of simplicity in its construction and operation, and the price of it below that of others in the market. The double shaker separates all the grain from the straw, none is wasted, and the crimped sieves and the peculiar motion of the fan shoe makes it a cleaner unsurpassed. The shoe can easily be detached from the separator and the machine used as a Thresher and Separator alone. Two and three Horse Endless Chain Railway Powers with steel bearings—Pelton and other Lever Powers. Send for a circular.

Address— CASHO & Co. Newark, Del.
May 23—3m Joel Pusey, General Agt.

CONDITIONS FOR
The War Between the States;
Its Causes, Character, Conduct And Results,
By Hon. Alex. H. Stephens.

IT will present a careful political analysis of the past, separating *real* from *apparent* causes of the late unhappy conflict, and give those interior lights and shadows of the great war *only* known to those high officers, who watched the flood-tide of revolution from its fountain-springs, and which were so accessible to MR. STEPHENS from his position as second officer of the Confederacy.

It will be printed from a beautiful, clear, new type, on fine calendered paper, made expressly for this work, comprised in two large volumes of about 650 pages each, illustrated with numerous fine steel engravings, and furnished to subscribers in neat and substantial binding, at the following prices, payable on delivery:

In Extra English Morocco Cloth, at $3.75 per vol.
In Fine Leather, (Library Style,) at 4.50 " "
In Half Calf, at 5.50 " "

The Public Will Please Notice,

1st. That we furnish for delivery, Books equal in every respect to the sample copies or description given in prospectus. Subscribers will not be obliged to take the work unless it corresponds with the description in every particular.

2d. We instruct Agents to have but one price for our publications, under penalty of a refusal to supply their lists, and a forfeiture of their appointments.

3d. We sell our books exclusively by subscription, through our traveling Agents, and in *no case* through book stores; therefore this is the only way in which they can be obtained.

4th. To avoid delaying the Agent, whose time is valuable, subscribers are requested to be prepared with price of the book on its presentation by the Agent.

NATIONAL PUBLISHING Co. Publishers.
JOHN A. LOOBY,
May 23—tf Agent.

WOOL MANUFACTURING.

FARMERS and others, having wool to manufacture, will find it their interest to call at HERMITAGE FACTORY on Mill Creek, where special attention will be paid to manufacturing Cloths, Cassimeres, Kerseys, Blankets, Stocking Yarn, &c. and with skilled workmen, and increased facilities, a guarantee is given, that the work will be done in a proper manner, and at reasonable prices. Full market price paid in cash for Wool at the Factory. Also on hand a good line of Superior Goods, Yarn &c. at very low prices. Orders left at G. Worrell's store, 220 Market St. Wilmington, will be promptly attended to. Wool sent by rail, and directed to me, and directions by mail with careful description of goods wanted, will be carefully attended to.

THOMAS WORRELL,
809 Tatnall St. Wilmington, Del.
May 23—1mo

FOR RENT.

AT Townsend, Del. a good two story House, Back building and Kitchen nearly new, good Garden, Smoke House, Wash house, and Pump of water in the yard. Possession can be given at once. Apply to
SAMUEL TOWNSEND.
May 30-1m Townsend.

NEW GOODS.

Spring and Summer Opening!!

AT

J. A. Reynolds & Sons'

MIDDLETOWN.

HAVING replenished our Stock with a large and complete assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, we are now enabled to offer extra inducements to the people of Middletown and vicinity, as the following list of prices of some of our leading articles will show.

Calicoes at 10, 12½ and 14 cents per yard.	
B'd Muslins 10 12½, 15, 20 and 25	" "
Unbleached do 10 12½ 14, 16 and 20	" "
5-4 Pillow Case do 25, 31, and 37½	" "
Am'r and Russian Crash, 12½, 15, and 18	" "
American Ginghams 12½, 15, and 20	" "
Tickings 25, 35, and 45	" "

DRESS GOODS.

American Lawns 20, 22, and 25	per yard.
Jaconet do 31, 37½, and 45	" "
Plaid and Fig. Cambrics 22, 25 and 31	" "
American Delains 20, 22 and 25	" "
All Wool do 37½, 45, and 50	" "
Black and Colored Alpacas 50 to 90	" "
Silk-Mixed & all Wool Poplins 75 to 1,25	" "

Coatings and Cassimeres.

A splendid stock of 6-4 Coatings and Cloakings, consisting of Tricots, Piques, Doe-Skins, &c., in Black and Fancy Colors, ranging in price from $1 50 to $6 00 per yard.

Fancy Cassimeres for Pants and Vest 90, $1 25, $1 50, $1 75 and $2 00 per yard.

NOTIONS, &c.

Spool Cotton	5, 8 and 10 cts	per Spool.	
Knitting do	6½, 75, and 87½	per LB.	
Linen Ildkfs	10, 12½, 18, 25 and 35 cts each.		

Ladies, Misses, and Children's White Cotton Hose a 12½, 15, 25, 37½ and 50 cents per pair.

Ladies and Misses Hoop Skirts a 50, 75, $1 00 $1 25, $1 50 each.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Ladies' Lasting Gaiters a $1,25, $1,50, $2,00 and $2,50 per pair.

Misses' Lasting Gaiters a $1,00, $1,25, $1,50 and $1,75 per pair.

Gents' and Boys Lasting gaiters a $2,00, $2,50 $3,00 and $3,50 per pair.

Gents' Calf Boots $5,00 $5,50 and $6,00 per pair.

GROCERIES.

Brown and White Sugars at 12½, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18 cents per lb.

Laguayra and Rio Coffees 25, 28, and 31 cts. per lb.

Green and Black Teas $1,00 $1,25 $1,50 and $2,00 per lb.

Brown and White Soaps at 6, 8 and 10 cents per lb.

Molasses at 50, 62½, 75 and 95 cts. per gallon.

☞ Please call and examine!

JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SONS.
April 25, 1868

NAUDAIN & BROTHER

OF THE WELL KNOWN

CHEAP CORNER,

OFFER to the public a most desirable stock of Dry Goods, which they purchased before the advance, and will sell at a small profit, Wamsutta, Williamsville, and all leading makes of bleached and brown Muslins, 5-4, 9-4 and 10-4 Sheetings, and a fine Stock of Prints fast colors at 12½ cents. An attractive line of

Dress Goods,

Consisting of Alpacas, Poplins, Mohairs and Wool De Lains, and a nice stock of

WHITE GOODS.

We have a fine stock of Spring

CLOTHS, COATINGS,
and fancy CASSIMERES,

which we make a specialty.

Boots & Shoes, Selling Low,

Just receiving sewed and pegged BOOTS AND SHOES. Ladies and Misses Button and Congress Gaiters, from the manufacturers, all to be sold at small advance.

CARPETS, STRAW MATTINGS AND COCOA MATS.

A full line WALL PAPER, at city prices.

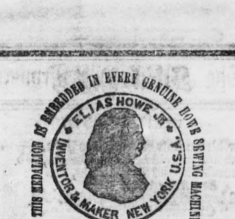
Mackerel, Herring and Shad, always on hand.

☞ ALL WE ASK IS A CALL, AND SHOW GOODS WITH GREAT PLEASURE. ☜

NAUDAIN & BRO.
April 18—1y Middletown.

LEWIS' PURE WHITE LEAD,
IN 12½, 25, 50 AND 100 lb. KEGS.
Black Paint, Prussian Blue,
CHROME GREEN and YELLOW,
Burnt and Raw Umber,
BURNT AND RAW SIENNA,
Indian Red, Red Lead,
VEN. RED, SPANISH BROWN,
Yellow Ochre, Ohio Brown,
Dry and in Oil.
IN 1 lb. TO 25 lb. CANS.
Putty, Linseed Oil, Turpentine,
JAPAN DRYING, COPAL VARNISH,
Glue, Gum Shellac,
LAMP BLACK, WINDOW GLASS,
besides a full assortment of
Paint Brushes and Sash Tools,
FOR SALE BY
J. A. REYNOLDS & SONS.
May 16, 1868—3m

Whann's Super Phosphate,
RHODES' SUPER PHOSPHATE,
Moro Phillips' Super Phosphate.
Croasdale's Super Phosphate,
HEWES' SUPER PHOSPHATE,
COE'S SUPER PHOSPHATE,
BAUGH'S RAW BONE PHOSPHATE,
BAUGH'S CHICAGO BONE,
BERGER & BUTZ'
PERUVIAN GUANO,
PACIFIC GUANO,
RODUNDA GUANO.
SCHUYLKILL LIME,
WRIGHTSVILLE LIME,
CHESTER VALLEY LIME.
LODI POUDRETTE.
FOR SALE BY
April 11 E. T EVANS.



The HOWE Sewing Machine
MANUFACTURED BY
THE HOWE MACHINE CO.
—ELIAS HOWE, JR.,—
FOR FAMILIES AND MANUFACTURERS.

THE GREAT PRIZE.
EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE, PARIS, 1867.
Awarded over Eighty-two Competitors.
THE HIGHEST PREMIUM.
THE ONLY CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR AND GOLD MEDAL.

given to American Sewing Machines, per Imperial Decree, published in the "Moniteur Universel" (Official Journal of the French Empire), 31 July, 1867, in these words:

ELIAS HOWE, JR. { Fabricateur de Machines coudre exposant. / Manufacturer of Sewing Machines, Exhibitor.

The Howe Sewing Machines are celebrated for doing the best work, using a much smaller needle for the same thread than any other machine.

They are adapted to all kinds of Family sewing, and Manufacturing of every description, making a beautiful and perfect Stitch, alike on both sides of the article sewed, and will neither rip nor ravel.

Every Machine is as near perfection as the best machinery in the world can make it.

The parts being exactly alike, if any part needs to be replaced, the operator can supply it.

The New Improved Family Machine is without a rival, and cannot be surpassed.—a Hemmer, Feller, Braider, Quilter and Guide go with each Family Machine free of charge.

Buyers of Sewing Machines are earnestly Cautioned to observe the Medallion Head of Elias Howe, Jr. (Trademark) embedded in each Machine. Certain parties have taken advantage of similarity of name, and other equally dishonest devices to foist imitations on the Public as Howe Machines.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

N. B. We have Fuller & Burnum's New Tuck Crosser and self-sewer or self-guide and baster combined, for all Sewing Machines.

SIBLEY & STOOPS,

Sole agents for Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and West Virginia, to whom all applications for Agencies must be addressed at either of the following places: No. 23 South Eighth street Philadelphia, (Principal Office); No. 4 Saint Clair street, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, or 226 Broad street, Newark, New Jersey.

HORRIBLE !!!

I HAVE SUFFERED WITH CATARRH thirty years, it had destroyed my voice and smelling—impaired my sight and hearing. In six weeks I have been entirely cured. For humanity's sake I will send the recipe for the simple remedy used, POSTAGE FREE, to all afflicted. Those wishing or needing the same, will please address,

JAS. T. HOLDEN, Station D,
Bible House, N. Y.

Thomson's Crown Crinolines
Are Charming for Lightness.

Thomson's Crown Crinolines
Are Superior for Elasticity.

Thomson's Crown Crinolines
Are unequalled for Durability.

Thomson's Crown Crinolines,
In a word, are the best in the world, and more widely known than any other.

At wholesale by
THOMSON, LANGDON & Co.,
391 Broadway,
New York.

HOWE'S
STANDARD SCALES

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF SCALE warranted to give entire satisfaction. Send for Catalogue and Circular second hand Scales of other makers, taken in part pay for ours, for sale CHEAP.

HOWE SCALE CO.,
3 Park Place, New York
121 Federal st., Boston.

(ESTABLISHED IN 1835.)

FIRST PRIZE GOLD MEDAL.

Awarded by the American Institute, New York, 1857, to

SCHUTZE & LUDOLFF,
FOR THE BE

Select Poetry.

THE RAINBOW.

How high a gate of georgeous light.
With film of gold and violet bright,
A wonderful and magic sight,
Is swiftly built,
And instantly the purpled height
Of mountain gilt!

The glory scarce begins to climb,
As rapid as the wing of Time,
When earth beholds its finished prime.
And hushed admires,
As if to stir would be a crime,
Till it expires.

Up springs the lark, in haste to soar,
His little bosom trembling o'er
With sudden wild tumultuous store
Of melody.
And loud and sweet the carols pour
From field and sky.

And now the hues on azure turn
So spirit-faint that sight doth yearn,
And scarce in front of heaven discern
Its tinted porch;
But on the dark blue wave they burn,
A glowing torch.

O seraph track, thou dost incline
Thy sudden path for steps divine,
Of life thou art the lovellest sign
Through all the years,
While Hope's ethereal colors shine
In human tears!

Thou com'st between the rain's black wall.
And Evening's sunset-opened hall;
Upon the golden radiance fall,
Like priceless gems,
The countless drops outsparkling all
Earth's diadems.

And even while the cloud is driven,
A vanished joy again is given;
Thy phantom bow of splendors seven
Return as bright,
The glorious arch that reaches heaven,
A world's delight!

Our Olio.

A Sweet and Sour Apple.

Mr. Z. A. Gilbert, writing to the Maine *Farmer*, says:—Captain Benjamin Allen, of Green, Maine, raises in his orchard a variety of apples, which is a great pomological curiosity, as well as a puzzle. It is made up of alternate sections of sweet and sour, each section including about one-eighth of the apple. When the apple is well grown, the sections are regular and vary but little, if any, in different apples, and they are always distinct. In size, form and keeping propensities, it resembles the Rhode Island Greening—in fact, the sour part is that kind of apple. When first picked, the whole apple is of a greenish color, and the sweet and sour sections are not easily distinguished; but as it matures the sweet sections assume a rich yellow color, peculiar to the greening. My father obtained scions from Mr. Allen's orchard, and for many years raised some of the apples, but the tree was blown down, and now I think, there are none to be found only in Mr. Allen's orchard. Many a time I have seen my father, when he had company, surprise them by cutting first a piece of sour apple for them to taste, and adjoining that a piece of sweet from the same apple. The tree now in Mr. Allen's orchard was grafted many years ago, but I think no one knows where the scions came from. How was such a variety produced? Was it a natural growth from the seed, or was it produced by artificial means? I think it must have been done by artificial means, but what those means were, would probably need some experiment to prove.

Catching rats is often difficult, as old rats are proverbially cunning. Laying around poison is dangerous not alone, but objectionable, for the reason that rats may die at inaccessible spots and contaminate the atmosphere with the well known detestable odor. A better plan has been adopted by one of our correspondents by which he takes advantage of the cunning habits of the rats. He covers the floor near the rat-hole with a thin layer of moist caustic potash; when the rats walk on this it makes their feet sore; these they lick with their tongues; it makes their mouths sore, and the result is that they shun this locality not alone, but they appear to tell all the neighboring rats about it, and eventually the house is abandoned by them, notwithstanding the neighborhood may be teeming with rats.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

CROPS IN GEORGIA.—The papers all over Georgia are complaining greatly of the drouth. The Macon Journal of the 18th instant says: We are afraid the corn crop in many counties has received injuries from which it cannot recover. Upon many fields no rain has fallen for four or five weeks. This is a sad misfortune indeed to our planters, but we will still hope rain will come in time to save the late corn. It will not be long before that, too, will receive great injury. Our gardens are about gone up. Cotton as a general rule is very clean and is looking remarkably well. Rain would greatly improve it, although it has not as yet sffuered much. Planters are everywhere anxiously looking up at the clouds and noting every sign of rain.

WHERE IS YOUR BOY AT NIGHT.—The practice of allowing boys to spend their evenings in the streets is one of the most ruinous, dangerous and mischievous things possible. Nothing so speedily and surely marks their course downward. They acquire, under the cover of night, an unhealthy state of mind, vulgar and profane language, obscene practices, criminal sentiments, and a lawless, riotous bearing. Indeed, it is in the streets, after the nightfall, that boys generally acquire the education and the capacity for becoming rowdy, dissolute men. Parents, do you believe it? Will you keep your children home of nights, and see that their home is made pleasant and profitable?—*Exchange.*

PHILOSOPHICAL.—A student under examination, who was asked the different effects of heat and cold, replied:

"Heat expands and cold contracts."

"Quite right; can you give me an example?"

"Yes sir; in summer, which is hot, the days are long; but in winter, which is cold, the days are short."

THERE IS NO

RAWBONES

MANURE

SO PERMANENT AS

RAW BONES,

FROM WHICH IS MADE

WHANN'S

RAW BONE Super-Phosphate.

Warranted Perfectly Pure and Free from Adulteration.

Established as an excellent Fertilizer by years of constant use, and highly recommended by all who have used it as

A Great Crop Producer,

AND PERMANENT IMPROVER OF THE SOIL.

Every Farmer Should Use It.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

WALTON, WHANN & CO.

MANUFACTURERS,

Wilmington, Del.

E. T. EVANS. AGENT,

Feb 15—1y Middletown, Del.

628 HOOP SKIRTS. 628

WILLIAM T. HOPKIN'S "own make" o "Keystone Skirts," are the best and cheapest Low Priced Hoop Skirts in the market. Trail Skirts, 25 springs, $1.00; 30 springs, $1.20; and 40 springs, $.45. Plain Skirts, 6 tapes, 20 springs, 80 cents; 25 springs, 95 cents; 30 springs, $1.15; and 35 springs, $1.25. *Warranted in every respect.*

Our own make of Union Skirts, Eleven Tape Trails, from 20 to 50 springs, $1.20 to $2.50. Plain, Six Tapes, 20 to 50 springs, from 95 cents to $2 00. These Skirts are better than those sold by other establishments as first class goods, and at much lower prices.

Our own make of Champion Skirts are in every way superior to all other Hoop Skirts before the public, and only have to be examined or worn to convince every one of the fact. Manufactured of the best linen-finished English Steel Springs, very superior tapes, and the style of the metallic fastenings and manner of securing them surpass for durability and excellence any other Skirt in this country, and are lighter, more elastic, will wear longer, give more satisfaction, and are really cheaper than all others. Every lady should try them. They are being sold extensively by Merchants throughout this and the adjoining states, at very moderate prices. If you want the best, ask for "Hopkin's Champion Skirt." If you do not find them, get the merchant with whom you deal to order them for you, or come, or send direct to us. Merchants will find our different grades of Skirts exactly what they need, and we especially invite them to call and examine our extensive assortment, or send for Wholesale Price List.

To be had at Retail at Manufactory, and of the Retail Trade generally, and at Wholesale of the Manufacturer only, to whom all orders should be addressed. Manufactory and Salesroom, 628 ARCH STREET, between 6th and 7th streets, Philadelphia. WM. T. HOPKINS.

March 14—4m

COMPLETE MANURE,

MANUFACTURED BY

HENRY BOWER, Philadelphia,

MADE FROM

Super-Phosphate of Lime, Ammonia and Potash.

WARRANTED free from adulteration. Packed in bags of 200 lbs. each. Price $56 per ton 2,000 lbs, Liberal discount to dealers. It has raised good crops of Wheat, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Cotton, Grass, Tobacco and Vegetables of all kinds. Farmers would do well to inquire of their nearest dealer in fertilizers as to the results obtained from the use of Complete Manure. The growing crops of Wheat, at this time, freely attest its virtues.

We have numerous testimonials to the effect that it is an invaluable Fertilizer, and we recommend it highly as a top dressing for Wheat and Grass.

DIXON, SHARPLESS & CO.,

Sole Agents, 39 S. Water St. & 40 S. Wharves, Philadelphia.

For sale by WM. REYNOLDS, 79 South Street, Baltimore, Md.

Also, by JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SONS, Middletown, Del.

March 7

DR. J. J. VANDERFORD,

Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of DENTAL SURGERY,

HAVING located in Middletown, Del. respectfully announces to the public that he is prepared to perform all operations pertaining to the practice of

DENTISTRY.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH Mounted on Dental Vulcanite, a material superior to metals in its adaptability and durability.

Persons having badly adjusted gold plates can have them exchanged for the Vulcanite.

Great care will be given to Children's Teeth; irregularities corrected, and deciduous teeth preserved until the permanent ones make their appearance.

A superior Dentifrice constantly on hand. Office seven doors east of the Bank.

January 4, 1868—1y

DR. MUSGROVE,

DENTIST,

ELKTON, MARYLAND,

OFFICE—Opposite the Presbyterian Church. Teeth Extracted without Pain by the use of NITROUS OXIDE GAS; or by the latest improvement—the SPRAY PRODUCER, formed by Rigoline or Ether.

This Narcotic Spray is used where sensitive teeth are to be excavated preparatory to filling. Also, for PAINLESS removal of the Dental Pulp, and for minor surgical operations.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted, from one to a full set.

Persons from a distance desiring protracted operations will please notify by mail, or otherwise, thereby saving disappointment and loss of time.

Tooth Powder and Mouth Wash kept constantly on hand; also, Dr. J. D. White's Dentine.

THOMAS H. MUSGROVE, D. D. S.

Elkton, Md., January 18, 1868—1y

PLASTIC SLATE ROOFING.

IMPERVIOUS TO WATER AND STEAM AND PERFECTLY FIRE PROOF. Forming a solid sheet of Slate, without seam or joint, large as the surface covered. Light, durable and cheap. Send for a pamphlet giving full particulars.

Orders for roofing promptly attended to.

ROBERT ATKINSON,

No. 5 West Fourth St. Wilmington, Del.

April 4-3m

FOR SALE.

CANARY BIRDS, for Sale, at $3.50 per pair. Apply to B. F. LIPPINCOTT, National Hotel, Middletown, Del.

June 6—3m

GRANVILLE WORRELL,

220 AND 222 MARKET STREET,

Wilmington, Del.

AMERICAN, ENGLISH, GERMAN AND FRENCH

DRY GOODS.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

CARPETS and Oil Cloths.

CHINA AND CALCUTTA

MATTINGS, MATS, RUGS, &c. &c.

WE are prepared to fill orders for Churches, Hotels, Private Dwellings and Public Building, furnishing them complete, including Sheets, Blankets, Counterpanes, Towels, Curtains, Cornices, Stair Rods, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Damasks, &c. Orders will be taken and estimates furnished of the whole cost, with articles furnished or otherwise, as parties commencing housekeeping may prefer.

We cannot enumerate even leading departments, owing to the extent of our business, but have a full assortment of various lines in

DRESS FABRICS,
MOURNINGS,
WHITE GOODS,
FURNISHING GOODS,
HOSIERY,
FLANNELS, &c. &c. &c.

Our long experience, combined with our intimate and extensive acquaintance with the largest and best Importing and Domestic Houses of this country give us, we believe, advantages shared by no other house to the same extent in Delaware, and we wish distinctly to state that we are prepared to sell *always as low or lower than Philadelphia Merchants.*

THE MOTTO OF THE HOUSE

CHEAP, PROMPT AND RELIABLE.

March 7, 1068—1y

CARRIAGES!

CARRIAGES!

CARRIAGES!

McLear & Kendall

EXTENSIVE MANUFACTURERS

AT THEIR

Mammoth Establishment,

Ninth and King Streets,

WILMINGTON,

DELAWARE,

Have now in stock the finest lot of Carriages ever offered for sale in Delaware, and at prices which will astonish all who call.

The latest style of

BUGGIES,

and all kinds of

FANCY CARRIAGES

at greatly reduced rates. Warranted in every respect as good as the Best.

GIVE US A CALL.

SAVE MONEY!

CARRIAGES!

CARRIAGES!!

CARRIAGES!!!

April 25th—3mos.

COAL OIL.

COAL OIL.

THE SAFEST, Best, and CHEAPEST OIL, for Illuminating surposes in the market.

WE GUARANTEE IT

TO BE

ALL THAT IS REPRESENTED,

AND

At Less Cost to Dealers,

THAN CAN BE PURCHASED

In this or the Philadelphia Market.

GIVE US A CALL.

Thompson & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in COAL OIL,

LARD SPERM WHALE OILS,

S. W. Corner of 2d and Market Streets,

WILMINGTON, Del.

MERCHANTS

Who desire to keep and sell a safe and reliable Burning Oil, at less cost than can be purchased elsewhere, would do well to call or communicate with

Thompson & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Burning Oil, Lubricating Oil, Turpentine, &c.

S. W. Corner 2d and Market Streets,

WILMINGTON, Del.

April 25—1y.

CHARLES BALLIARD,

SUCCESSOR TO

CHARLES BOURQUIN,

BROAD STREET, MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

WATCHES Carefully Repaired, and Jewelry of all descriptions neatly mended, with care and dispatch.

March 14.—2m.

WANTED.

A HOUSEKEEPER, to go to Sassafras Neck, Cecil county, Md. References required. For terms, or other information apply to,

WM. M. KNIGHT.

Address,—Cecilton, Cecil Co. Md.

June 13—tf.

James H. Frazer, M. D.

GLASGOW, DEL.

OFFERS his professional services to the public. Office at the residence of R. M. Black Esq.

Jan. 4—y.

Dr. J. E. REGISTER,

DENTIST,

ELKTON, MD.

OFFICE on North street, two doors above the Odd Fellows' Hall.

February 8. 1868—tf

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

AND

VARIETY STORE.

SCHOOL BOOKS and Miscellaneous Works, Bibles, Prayer Books and Hymn Books, BLANK BOOKS, in various styles of binding. Tuck, Memorandum and Pass Books.

Stationery of all kinds.

Photograph Albums, Work Boxes, Fancy Boxes, Writing Desks, Ladies' Satchels, Pocket Books, Port Folios, Purses, Portmonaies, Segar Cases, Picture Frames, Tassels and Cords, Looking Glasses.

Back Gammon Boards,

CHESS & CHECKER MEN,

GAMES OF ALL KINDS.

Rubber Pencils and Penholders, Writing Fluid Ink Stands, Pocket Cutlery, Rogers' Scissors, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, Breast Pins, Finger Rings Spectacles, Violin Strings, Combs, Brushes, Nail and Tooth Brushes, Gum Bands, Watch Keys, Key Rings, and Puff Boxes.

A Fine Assortment of Colgate & Co's. Soap,

PHALON'S NIGHT-BLOOMING CEREUS, Wright's and Taylor's Superior Extracts, Pomades, Hair Oils, and Dental Soap, of the first quality.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

Neck Ties of various styles, Bismarck Collars, Gloves, Hose, Handkerchiefs, Cuffs, Wristlets, &c. &c.

Segars, Tobacco Pipes, Meerschaums, and Tobacco Pouches.

Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, Wicks and Coal Oil.

DEALER IN NEWSPAPERS—

New York Ledger,
Harper's Weekly, Bazaar and Magazine.
Frank Leslie, Chimney Corner, Weekly,
Boys and Girls Weekly,
Gleason's Literary Companion.
Godey's, Peterson's, Atlantic, Arthur's, Galaxy and Mm'e. Demorest's Magazines.

A large variety of Fancy Articles.

Call and examine, at

D. L. DUNNING'S,

Corner of Main and Scott streets,

Jan 4.—3mo. Middletown, Del.

CHEAP DRY GOODS.

Andrew E. Crow & Co.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Middletown and surrounding country that they have commenced the Dry Goods Business at

207 Market St. Wilmington, Del.

where they intend to keep a large and well selected stock of FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, such as

Merinoes, Poplins, Alpacas & Coburgs,

BOTH BLACK AND COLORED.

We would call special attention to our stock of

Table and Shirting Linens,

BLEACHED AND
UNBLEACHED MUSLINS,
CALICOES AND DOMESTICS.
A FULL LINE OF CLOTHS AND
CASSIMERES,

FOR MEN AND BOYS' WEAR.

Please call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing.

QUICK SALES & SMALL PROFITS.

DO NOT FORGET THE NUMBER,

207 MARKET STREET, Wilmington, Del.

ANDREW E. CROW & CO.

January 25—1y

GOLD MEDAL PIANOS

AND PARLOR ORGANS.

STIEF'S PIANOS,—THE BEST NOW MADE.

GOLD MEDAL for the best Pianos manufactured has been awarded for the year 1867, to CHARLES M. STIEFF, examined and pronounced by the best Professors in Baltimore to be the BEST PIANOS, and were in competition with Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York Pianos.

Stieff's Pianos contain improvements that are not to be in other instruments, and are all made at his extensive Factory and out of the best seasoned material, and warranted for five years.

Call and examine for yourselves. They are sold at lower prices than any other house.

SECOND HAND PIANOS from $50 to $300.

Also, PARLOR ORGANS for sale cheap at

STIEFF'S,

No. 7 North Liberty Street,

January 4, 1868. Baltimore.

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

H. Richmond Chamberlaine,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.,

DEALER in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals and Patent Medicines. Fancy and Toilet Articles, Sponges, Brushes, Perfumery and Soaps.

Pure Wines and Liquors for medicinal use.

Lamps, Lamp Fixtures, Shades, Wicks, Cleaners, &c. The latest improvements in Burners and Chimneys.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded and orders answered with care and despatch. Physicians and Farmers will find our stock of Medicines complete, warranted genuine and of the best quality.

Cigars and Tobacco of the best Baltimore manufacture.

Store—Maine Street, opposite Davis' Hotel.

January 18—1y

BLACKSMITHING AND

Wheelwrighting.

THE undersigned have commenced the above business in Middletown, corner of Main and Anderson streets, and solicit a share of the public patronage. They flatter themselves that their work cannot be surpassed. The Blacksmithing will be conducted by John C. Vandenbraak, and the Wheelrighting department by J. Lesuby.

Wagon, Plow and all kinds of country work and Coach Smithing, done to order.

Repairing neatly and promptly attended to. Special attention given to the repairing.

All work warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

JOHN C. VANDENBRAAK,

LEAUBY & LEE.

April 11th, 1868—3mo

MIDDLETOWN IRON FOUNDRY

AND

MACHINE SHOP.

PLOWS and Plow Castings, Machine Castings of all kinds on hand or made to order.

Particular attention given to Repairing Machinery. Cash for old Iron.

WM. L. BUCKE & SON,

April 4-tf Founders and Machinists.

OLD NEWSPAPERS, a cheap and convenient Wrapping Paper, for sale at this office.

LUMBER. LUMBER.

THE subscribers offer to the citizens of Middletown and surrounding country their thanks for the very liberal patronage they have received, and embrace this medium in announcing to all builders and contractors and those in want o Lumber, that they are prepared to supply them on the most liberal terms. We have reduced our price, as the market has demanded, and we think that they will compare with the city prices. Our stock is very large, embracing a full assortment of

SPRUCE,
HEMLOCK,
AND OAK FRAMING STUFF,

ALL SIZES.

WHITE PINE BOARDS,
HEMLOCK "
OAK PLANK,
WHITE PINE DO.
WHITE PINE SIDING.
YELLOW PINE FLOORING,
HEMLOCK "
PLASTERING LATHES.
SPRUCE AND CYPRESS SHINGLES.
PLAIN AND FANCY PICKETING.
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

Building Hardware,

NAILS AND SPECIALITIES.

BRICKS,
CALCINE PLASTER, LIME & HAIR.

HEWES' PHOSPHATE.

PAINTS, OIL, TURPENTINE,
VARNISH, DRY JAPAN, GLASS.

J. B. FENIMORE & CO.,

On the Railroad, above the National Hotel.

January 25—tf

The Knickerbocker Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York,

ACCUMULATED CASH ASSETS FOR THE SECURITY OF POLICY HOLDERS, $3,500,000,

POLICIES ISSUED, 1867;	10,3000
INCOME FOR THE YEAR, OVER	$2,000,000
PAID TO WIDOWS AND ORPHANS OF DECEASED MEMBERS,	$300,000
AMOUNT OF INSURANCE COVERED BY POLICIES,	$50,000,000

NO RESTRICTION ON RESIDENCE OR TRAVEL.—ALL POLICIES ARE NON-FORFEITABLE.

PREMIUMS CAN BE PAID ALL IN CASH, OR A PREMIUM NOTE CAN BE GIVEN FOR ONE-HALF, IF DESIRED.

The Company is Mutual in its Plan of Operations.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, SAYS.—"A Policy of Life Insurance is the cheapest and safest mode of making a certain provision for one's family."

LIFE INSURANCE, has the approbation of Clergymen, Statesmen, Lawyer's Physicians, Merchants &c. Get your Life Insured without delay, Life is uncertain and full of contingencies.

ALFRED G. COX, AGENT,

Jan 18—6m Middletown, Del.

ORIGIN

And History of the Books of the Bible,

BOTH the Canonical and Apocryphal, showing what the Bible is not, what it is, and how to use it. (New Testament.) With Illustrations. By Prof. Calvin E. Stowe, D. D. for more than thirty years Bibical Professor at Andover, Cincinnati, and other Theological Seminaries, and acknowledged to be one of the best informed Bible students of the age. This work is one of patient research, diligent study, and ripe experience, being in fact the life work of the author.

It will treat of 1. The common popular objections to the Bible at the present day. What the Bible is not, what it is, and how to use it.

2. The evidences upon which we receive the Sacred Books, and description of the Ancient Manuscripts of the New Testament, with fac-simile illustrations.

3. Brief Biographies of 100 Ancient Witnesses to the New Testament, whose testimony is most important, much of it cited in this great work.

4. The testimony for the Historical Books, and a full examination, separately, of the four Gospels.

5. The Apocryphal Gospels, and fragments o Gospels supposed to be lost.

6. Modern substitutes for the Gospel History, with an examination of the works of Strauss, Weisse, Gfrorer, Bruno Bauer, F. C. Bauer, Renan, and Schenckel, intending to meet the undermining process with regard to the authority of Scripture, so prevalent at the present day.

7. Acts of the Apostles, the Apocryphal Acts and the fourteen Epistles of Paul. The Catholic and the Apocryphal Epistles. Revelation of St. John, and the Apocryphal Revelations.

8. The Bible Prophets and the Classical Oracles contrasted.

9. The Apocryphal Books of the Old Testament, and the reason for their exclusion from the Canon.

It is a work of real value, not sectarian at all, not even Theological, but is just what it purports to be, a History of the Books of the Bible, sufficiently critical to meet the wants of the Professor, the Clergyman and the Student, and yet so simplified as to be the book needed by every Family and every Sunday School Teacher as the Companion of the Bible.

This book is new and fresh from the pen of the author, who has long been urged to its preparation by Presidents of Colleges, and leading Ministers and Scholars of the various christian denominations, and has given his best energies to its completion.

It contains about 600 pages octavo, printed from new and beautiful clear type, selected expressly for this work, illustrated with a fine steel portrait of the author, fac-similes of the early manuscripts on which the Bible was written, very curious and interesting, and other full page illustrative engravings, all in the highest style of engraving, by the best artists in the country. It is one of the most popular books ever published. It will be furnished to subscribers in neat and substantial

Extra English Cloth Binding for the low price of	$3 50
Fine Leather Library Binding	4 00
Fine English Half Calf Binding	5 00

Sold by subscription only. Those ordering will not be obliged to take the work unless it corresponds with the descriptions in every particular. Address

ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO. Publishers,

Philadelphia, Pa. Cincinnat, O. & St. Louis, Mo.

February 22—4m

FRANCIS TARONI

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has recently located on the north-east corner of Broad and Lake streets, Middletown, and is prepared to do all kinds of

House and Sign Painting,

Graining, China Glossing, Calcemining, Paper Hanging, &c.

All work done with neatness and despatch.

He invites the public to give him a call, as he flatters himself that he will be able give satisfaction to all who favor him with their custom.

All orders will be thankfully received and promptly attended to.

January 11—6m

J. Thomas Budd,

MANUFACTURER and Dealer in Agricultural Machinery, Steam Engines, Belting, Oils, Circular Saws and Tools of every description, at city prices. Jan 4

BENJAMIN F. MAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 79 South Street, opposite the Corn Exchange,

BALTIMORE, MD.

THE subscriber, having been at the head of the State Grain Office, in the city of Baltimore, for the last five years, thereby having acquired considerable experience in the Grain Trade, and now engaged in a General Commission Business, would respectfully solicit a share of patronage from Agriculturists and Forwarders of Grain and Produce to the city. Such consignments will at all times be attended to with promptness and accuracy, and returns of the highest prices made.

AUTHORIZED REFERENCES:

Ex-Governor Bradford, of Maryland,
Col. E. H. Webster, Collector of Baltimore.
Gen. Edward Shriver, Postmaster, of Baltimore.
Hon. John M. Frazier, Baltimore.
Hon. Hiram McCullough, M. C., of Cecil county.
Hon. Alexander Evans, of " "
Hon. George Vickers, of Kent "
Col. Edwin Wilkins, of " "
Col. James Wallace, of Dorchester "
Dr. Francis P. Phelps, of " "
Col. Wm. H. Purnell, of Worcester "
Hon. Alfred Spates, of Allegany "
John V. L. Eindlay, Esq., of Washington "
Messrs. Clabaugh & Harris, of Carroll "
Hon. G. Fred. Maddox, of St. Mary's "
Hon. Richard Mackall, of Calvert "
H. Vanderford, Esq., Middletown, Delaware.

January 4, 1868—6m

MIDDLETOWN HOTEL.

L. R. DAVIS, Proprietor.

THIS well-known and popular establishment is still the favorite resort of the travelling public. The proprietor spares no pains to insure the comfort of his guests. A well-furnished TABLE, the choicest brands of LIQUORS, CIGARS and TOBACCO; his acknowledged experience as an abundant caterer, combined with attentive waiters, reliable hostlers and moderate charges, will, he feels assured, secure to him a continuance of the liberal patronage of the public.

HORSES AND MULES are always to be found on sale at his Stables, during the proper season; and persons in want of such stock can readily supply themselves on accommodating terms. Jan. 4—6mo.

JOB PRINTING.

Having received a large supply of new and beautiful type, we are prepared to do Job Work of every description, from the finest and most delicate card, to the largest and most showy poster.

ORDERS FOR

CARDS, CIRCULARS,
BLANKS,
DEEDS, MORTGAGES,
FUNERAL NOTICES,
PROGRAMMES, BALL TICKETS,
BANK CHECKS,
PROMISSORY NOTES, BILL-HEADS,
ENVELOPES,
PAMPHLETS, HANDBILLS,
POSTERS,
HORSE BILLS, &c. &c.

will be promptly attended to, at moderate rates.

Printing done in GOLD, BRONZE, and all kinds of FANCY COLORS.

SEND YOUR ORDERS TO

The Transcript Office,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Jan 25—tf

LEND ME YOUR COUNTENANCE.

IF you want a good likeness of yourself or family call at

J. M. HORNING'S,

ONE DOOR WEST OF ROBERT'S STOVE AND TIN HOUSE.

Middletown, Del.,

where you will get pictures from the beautiful little Pearl Ferrotype to the life-size Photograph.

All who wish a correct likeness of themselves or friends should embrace this opportunity and call at once.

Particular attention paid to copying daguerrotypes or ambrotypes of deceased persons into card or large size Photographs.

A proff will be shown before the pictures are finished.

A good assortment of Rustic and other Frames on hand.

It will afford us pleasure to have you call and examine specimens.

January 4—tf J. M. HORNING.

The Excelsior Stump Extractor,

MANUFACTURED BY

AVIS & THOMPSON,

PENNSGROVE, SALEM COUNTY, N. J.

THIS Machine, as the name indicates, is equal, and in many respects surpasses all others now in use.

1st. Is equal in power.

2d. Superior in portability; can be moved easily by one or two men from one stump to another.

3d. Superior in simplicity; can be made by any farmer, assisted by a blacksmith.

4th. Superior in quick action; can take up more stumps in one day than any other puller now in use.

5th. Lower in price; they are sold so low that any person having stumps can afford one.

Price, made in a substantial manner, $20.

Individual rights $6. All orders promptly attended to. Machines delivered at steamboat or railroad free of charge. Mar 7—1m

Middletown Furniture Warerooms.

JOSEPH H. ENOS

KEEPS constantly on hand an assortment o FURNITURE suitable to the market, consisting of

COTTAGE SUITS,

BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, WASHSTANDS,

Parlor and Dining Room Furniture, &c.

ALSO

FURNISHING UNDERTAKER.

COFFINS of all kinds and styles; Meta lic Cas kets; Patent Burial Cases to order. Jan.4.tf.

First Class Boarding House.

NO. 76 SHARP STREET,

BALTIMORE.

Located one square from the B. and O. R. R. Depot, and three squares from the Eastern Shore Steamboat Wharf.

MRS. GUSTAVUS WRIGHT, late of Chestertown, Kent county, Maryland, informs her friends and the public generally that she will accommodate, on reasonable terms, Transient, Permanent and Table boarders. Jan. 4.—y.

MANSION HOUSE HOTEL,

North West Corner Fayette & St. Paul Sts.

OPPOSITE BARNUM'S CITY HOTEL,

BALTIMORE.

Isaac Alberston ..... Proprietor.

This is one of the most pleasant and central locations in the city.

January 4, 1868—1v

E. T. EVANS,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND DEAALER IN

GRAIN,
LUMBER,
COAL,
BUILDING LIME,
BRICKS,
HAIR,
CEMENT,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

TIMOTHY SEED,
CLOVER SEED,
LAND and CALCINED PLASTER,
LAND LIME,
GUANOS,
SUPER-PHOSPATES, &c.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE

OPPOSITE

DELAWARE RAIL ROAD DEPOT,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

January 4, 1868—tf

PENINSULAR MACHINE WORKS.

J. THOMAS BUDD,

MANUFACURER OF

Hand and Power Corn Shellers, Pelton's Triple Geared Horse Powers, McCorkle Gang Plow, Cultivator and Corn Planter, Pennington's Improved Reaper, Buckeye Steel Tooth Self-Delivery Horse Rake, Montgomery's Celebrated Rockaway Grain Fan, Gale's Lever Cutting Boxes,

Forgings and Castings of all kinds, Iron Railings of a variety of new and beautiful patterns.

Sole Owner of Noblett's Patent Iron Railing for Yards and Cemetery Lots.

Verandah and Porch Railings of various Patterns.

Hitching Posts, Cellar Gratings, Gearing and Mill Work.

Jobbing promptly executed. Orders by mail punctually filled.

January 4—tf

MIDDLETOWN STOVE HOUSE.

S. W. ROBERTS,

TAKES pleasure in announcing to his friends of Middletown and surrounding country, that the liberal patronge he has received has induced him to offer to the public the greatest variety, and best selected stock of Stoves, both Cooking and Heating, ever offered in Middletown, and at prices that cannot fail to please. Among the assortment are the following

COOK STOVES.

NIAGARA, NOBLE COOK, MONITOR,
CORAL COOK, WM. PENN, LEHIGH,
and others made in the city.

PARLOR STOVES.

BRILLIANT, DEW DROP,
GAS BURNING BASE, UNION AIR TIGHT,
GEM, OUR PARLOR.

Also, SEXTON'S PARLOR HEATERS.

Stoves of all kinds suitable for Stores, Offices, Bar-rooms, and School Houses.

Also, the Morning Glory and the Oriental, both unsurpassed in beauty and efficiency. They can be seen in operation at the store of the proprietor.

All sizes of Bar-room Stoves and Ten-plate Stoves repaired at short notice.

Old Stoves taken in exchange.

TIN WARE at wholesale and retail.

As I have practical workmen employed, I think I can give satisfaction to all who favor me with their work. Particular attention paid to Roofing and Spouting.

S. W. ROBERTS.

Middletown, January 4, 1868—1y

Marble Hall, the Great Popular Clothing House.

BOYS' JACKETS, COATS and PANTS, Men's Fine Cloth Coats, Men's Sack Coats, Men's English Walking Coats, Men's French Sack Coats, Men's Black Pants, Men's Fancy Pants. We have

THE BEST AND FINEST STOCK OF

Men's & Boy's Clothing in the City

together with a superior stock of

Piece Goods for Custom Work,

at less than gold rates.

Persons visiting the city, who may be in want of anything in the Clothing line, should not fail to visit

SMITH, BRO'S. & CO.,

Marble Hall Clothing House,

40 West Baltimore Street.

BALTIMORE, MD.

Jan 4—1y

WINE AND LIQUOR STORE,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

THE undersigned take this method of notifying the public that they have opened a

WINE AND LIQUOR STORE

In Middletown, Del. opposite Davis' Hotel, where they have on hand a large and varied assortment of WINES AND LIQUORS, in bottles and casks, which they offer on advantageous terms to the purchaser, at wholesale or retail.

Also, a fine assortment of choice TOBACCO AND CIGARS. COCHRAN & DAVIS.

Jan. 4—6mo.

Middletown Carriage Works.

ESTABLISHED IN 1830.

J. M. COX & BRO., Proprietors.

WE keep constantly on hand and manufacture to order Carriages of the latest styles and finished in the best manner, as we employ bone but first-class workmen and use only the best material.

Repairing executed with neatness and despatch.

All work warranted. Jan 4—tf.